This discussion paper has been written by officials of the Welsh Government. Ministers have not had an opportunity to comment on the contents. Exemplifications of changes are provided simply to inform discussion by DSG members. They are not Welsh Government proposals or statements of Government policy for or against changes.

Homelessness Indicator

Summary

- This paper follows on from DSG (2018) paper 10 and considers the Non-HRA housing Indicator Based Assessment (IBA) formula in the calculation of the Settlement for 2019-20 and beyond.
- 2. The group are provided with a series of exemplifications in the analysis section demonstrating the impact of the potential change to the homelessness indicator, compared to the frozen data used in the 2017-18 and 2018-19 settlements.

Views sought

3. Members are asked to agree a distribution method for the homelessness element of the Non-HRA housing IBA for the 2019-20 Settlement and beyond.

Background

4. The current formula for distribution of the current Non-HRA housing IBA is below:

Weight		Indicator						
0.313	Χ	Total homelessness decisions						
0.292	Χ	All dwellings						
0.232	Χ	Housing General Capital Funding						
0.163	Χ	Housing benefits recipients						

- 5. In 2018-19, the Non-HRA housing IBA distributed £33.5 million of Standard Spending Assessment (SSA).
- 6. In 2017-18, £6 million was included in the Settlement for homelessness prevention, with an additional £6 million included for 2018-19, bringing the total amount of additional funding for homelessness prevention up to £12 million, distributed on the non-HRA housing IBA.
- 7. This paper does not include any analysis on the additional £12 million and focusses solely on the non-HRA housing IBA.
- 8. DSG (2016) paper 04 presented a number of options for the approach to the Non-HRA housing IBA in the 2017-18 Settlement for DSG members to consider. This

- resulted in a decision to continue with the existing formula and freeze the total homelessness decisions data (3-year average from 2012-13 to 2014-15).
- The above approach was used in the calculation of the 2018-19 Settlement, allowing time for local authorities to adjust to the new homelessness legislation and for the new data collection to embed.
- 10. It is not possible to directly compare the number of 'homeless households' collected under the current and previous legislations.
- 11. In August 2016, when the new homelessness data was published for the first time, there were concerns regarding the quality and accuracy of the data. In the light of these concerns, the Homelessness Statistics data for 2015-16 were temporarily dedesignated from National Statistics, by the UK Statistics Authority.
- 12. Welsh Government colleagues in the Knowledge and Analytical Services (KAS) branch continued to work closely with local authorities resolving issues with data recording and data quality since the introduction of the new legislation.
- 13. They are now confident that the quality and accuracy issues previously experienced have been resolved and, following discussions with the Office for Statistics Regulation (the regulatory arm of the UK Statistics Authority), the temporary National Statistics de-designation came to an end in July 2017. Therefore, by the publication of the 2019-20 Provisional Settlement there are 2 years of robust data (2016-17 and 2017-18) available.
- 14. Under the new legislation it is possible for a single household to have up to three separate outcomes depending on the duty owed under the act. The flowchart in annex A outlines the assessment process.
- 15. As discussed at the July 2018 DSG there are now multiple different options to distribute the funding, with data available on both outcomes and prevention/relief: Section 66, Section 73, Section 75 or a combination of all three.
- 16. The total outcomes figure includes cases which are subsequently deemed "ineligible" or "eligible but not threatened with homelessness". The proportion of these "ineligible" or "eligible but not threatened" varies considerably between local authorities, so there are inconsistencies in the way local authorities are implementing/interpreting the legislation, or recording outcomes (see Annex B).

Analysis

Option 1: All homelessness outcomes

17. Table 1 demonstrates the change in distribution to the Non-HRA IBA when the "total outcomes" are used. As this "all outcomes" category includes those recorded as

"ineligible" or "eligible but not homeless or threatened with homelessness", this data source will be influenced by inconsistencies in local authority implementation / interpretation of the legislation.

18. This option results in a large monetary decrease in Swansea and Cardiff, due to their high share of the current indicator. Caerphilly and Flintshire have the largest monetary increases.

Table 1: Exemplification of current weightings for Non HRA Housing Formula (using 2018-19 Settlement and all homelessness outcomes 2 year average)

Formula weights: £'000 31.30% 23.20% 16.30% 29.20% Non-HRA New non-HRA ΑII Housing outcomes Housing Formula distribution data (2 year Housing Housing Benefits (2018-19)Domestic average -% (2018-19)Change UΑ settlement) **Dwellings** 2016-17, **GCF** Recipients share settlement) (£000s) Isle of Anglesey 34,970 860 4,883 2.0% 676 10 667 471 1,187 61,730 516 1,839 7,708 1,115 -71 3.3% Gwynedd 1,116 Conwy 56,980 1,089 1,739 8,524 3.9% 1,292 176 7,982 Denbighshire 866 44,560 839 1,406 3.1% 1,044 178 1,098 68,050 1,020 1,751 9,143 1,359 261 Flintshire 4.1% Wrexham 1,320 60,110 1,415 1,675 10,735 4.4% 1,471 150 Powys -30 1,155 64,460 540 1,767 7,465 3.4% 1,125 501 4,241 799 -104 Ceredigion 903 35,450 1,551 2.4% -12 Pembrokeshire 1,295 61,320 1,010 1,651 8,786 3.8% 1,283 -43 2,227 86,920 2,094 2,994 12,790 2,184 Carmarthenshire 6.5% -1,306 4,137 112,050 2,652 3,529 20,543 2,832 8.5% Swansea 1,593 65,800 1,307 2,837 13,414 1,739 146 Neath Port Talbot 5.2% 1,315 63,620 1,203 1,936 11,135 4.4% 1,474 159 Bridgend 1,056 1,514 8,415 1,193 137 Vale of Glamorgan 57,530 924 3.6% Rhondda Cynon Taf 2,216 108,860 1,683 3,752 19,174 7.4% 2,466 250 609 27,180 507 813 5,466 1.9% 641 32 Merthyr Tydfil 14,804 Caerphilly 1,576 78,890 1,776 2,336 5.8% 1,942 366 7,397 Blaenau Gwent 934 32,580 660 1,024 2.4% 815 -119 938 1,088 8,495 1,147 209 Torfaen 41,140 1,545 3.4% 828 41,580 665 1,052 4,848 2.5% 825 -2 Monmouthshire 174 1,789 67,000 2,337 1,975 13,198 1,963 Newport 5.9% Cardiff 4.668 153,530 4.548 4,025 29,873 12.3% 4,108 -561 33,494 1,424,310 28,842 43,571 239,016 100.0% 33,494 0 Wales

Option 2: Outcomes from only sections 66, 73 and 75

19. To remove those cases which are "subsequently deemed ineligible or eligible but not those threatened with homelessness" in the total outcomes (option 1), the individual section outcomes data (section 66, 73, and 75) can be added together to remove the effect previously described in option 1.

- 20. If only one of the sections were to be used to distribute the funding, it could be deemed as placing more importance over one of the sections over the others.
- 21. With this option, once again, Swansea's monetary share of the indicator decreases considerably.

Table 2: Exemplification of current weightings for Non HRA Housing Formula (using 2018-19 Settlement and the sum of the homelessness outcomes (section 66, 73, 75) 2 year average)

Formula weights: £'000 29.20% 31.30% 23.20% 16.30% Non-HRA New non-HRA Outcomes (2 Housing Housing year average -Housing % Formula 2018 Domestic 2016-17 and Housing Benefits distribution (2018- Change UA 19 settlement Dwellings 2017-18) **GCF** Recipients share 19 settlement) (£000s) 667 34,970 665 Isle of Anglesey 342 860 4,883 2.0% -2 1,187 61,730 1,155 -31 Gwynedd 486 1,839 7,708 3.4% 207 Conwy 1,116 56,980 912 1,739 8,524 3.9% 1,323 44,560 1,095 229 866 7,982 Denbighshire 761 1,406 3.3% 1,098 68,050 1,388 290 Flintshire 854 1,751 9,143 4.1% Wrexham 1,320 60,110 1,032 1,675 10,735 4.3% 1,440 119 Powys 1,155 64,460 477 1,767 7,465 3.4% 1,152 -3 903 35,450 2.4% 809 -94 Ceredigion 411 1,551 4,241 Pembrokeshire 1,295 61,320 840 1,651 8,786 3.9% 1,309 14 2,075 Carmarthenshire 2,227 86,920 1,394 2,994 12,790 6.2% -152 2,609 -1,529 Swansea 4,137 112,050 1,583 3,529 20,543 7.8% 1,593 Neath Port Talbot 65,800 977 2,837 13,414 5.1% 1,721 128 1,489 174 1,315 63,620 Bridgend 11,135 4.4% 966 1,936 1,056 57,530 1,286 230 Vale of Glamorgan 917 8,415 3.8% 1,514 2,216 108,860 2,454 238 Rhondda Cynon Taf 1,281 3,752 19,174 7.3% Merthyr Tydfil 609 27,180 5,466 616 7 341 813 1.8% 1,576 78,890 1,842 266 Caerphilly 1,166 2,336 14,804 5.5% Blaenau Gwent 934 32,580 555 1,024 7,397 2.5% 835 -99 Torfaen 938 41,140 839 1,545 8,495 3.4% 1,145 207 828 41,580 806 -21 Monmouthshire 476 1,052 4,848 2.4% 151 Newport 1,789 67,000 1,767 1,975 13,198 5.8% 1,941 Cardiff 4,668 4,339 -330 153,530 4,026 4,025 29,873 13.0% 33,494 1,424,310 239,016 100.0% 33,494 0 Wales 22,398 43,571

Option 3: Total prevention/relief

- 22. This option looks at the distributional impact through using the total (combined section 66, 73 and 75) prevention/relief.
- 23. Again, for this option there is a large monetary decrease for Swansea and Cardiff, even though they still have two highest percentage of the of the overall Wales share (8.3% and 12.7%, respectively).
- 24. Rhondda Cynon Taf and Caerphilly had the largest monetary increase.

25. This data item is based on number of preventions/relief provided by an authority, DSG are asked to consider the appropriateness of using this as an indicator.

Table 3: Exemplification of current weightings for Non HRA Housing Formula (using 2018-19 Settlement and total homelessness prevention/relief 2 year average

£'000 Formula weights: 29.20% 31.30% 23.20% 16.30% Non-HRA Prevention / New non-HRA Housing Relief (2 year Housing Housing Formula 2018- Domestic average - 2016- Housing Benefits % distribution (2018- Change 17 and 2017-18) GCF UA 19 settlement Dwellings Recipients share 19 settlement) (£000s) 682 Isle of Anglesey 667 34,970 206 860 4,883 2.0% 15 1,187 61,730 336 1,839 7,708 1,217 31 Gwynedd 3.6% Conwy 1,116 56,980 459 1,739 8,524 3.9% 1,292 176 866 1,406 7,982 1,047 181 Denbighshire 44,560 357 3.1% Flintshire 1,098 68,050 485 1,751 9,143 4.2% 1,406 308 1,320 10,735 1,478 157 Wrexham 60,110 605 1,675 4.4% Powys 1,155 64,460 245 1,767 7,465 3.4% 1,139 -16 1,551 4,241 825 -78 Ceredigion 903 35,450 242 2.5% 1,295 61,320 539 1,651 8,786 1,380 85 Pembrokeshire 4.1% Carmarthenshire 2,227 86,920 725 2,994 12,790 6.1% 2,047 -179 Swansea 4,137 112,050 1,047 3,529 20,543 8.3% 2,770 -1,367 90 Neath Port Talbot 1,593 65,800 486 2,837 13,414 1,683 5.0% 1,315 63,620 521 1,936 11,135 4.4% 1,485 170 Bridgend Vale of Glamorgan 1,056 57,530 549 1,514 8,415 4.0% 1,330 274 Rhondda Cynon Taf 2,216 108,860 807 3,752 19,174 7.6% 2,550 334 5,466 -26 Merthyr Tydfil 609 27,180 147 813 1.7% 583 Caerphilly 1,576 78,890 710 2,336 14,804 5.7% 1,908 332 -106 934 32,580 294 1,024 7,397 829 Blaenau Gwent 2.5% 938 41,140 348 1,545 8,495 3.1% 1,052 114 Torfaen Monmouthshire 828 41,580 273 1,052 4,848 2.4% 819 -8 Newport 1,789 67,000 713 1,975 13,198 5.2% 1,728 -62 Cardiff 4.668 153,530 2,076 4,025 29,873 12.7% 4,243 -425 Wales 33,494 1,424,310 12,165 43,571 239,016 100.0% 33,494 0

Option 4: Split between outcomes and prevention

- 26. Currently the frozen total homeless decision data is used to distribute 31.3% of the Non-HRA IBA. This could be split in half to focus equally on outcomes and prevention/relief
- 27. Table 4, looks at the impact of this splitting the indicator into two, to use both the outcome and the sum of the prevention section data to distribute funding (combining options 2 and 3).
- 28. As the other exemplifications, Swansea loses the largest, in monetary terms.

Table 4: Exemplification of current weightings for Non HRA Housing Formula (using 2018-19 Settlement and homelessness outcomes and prevention/relief 2 year average)

Formula weights: £'000 29.20% 15.65% 15.65% 23.20% 16.30% Non-HRA New non-HRA Housing Outcomes (2 Prevention / Housing Formula year average - Relief (2 year Housing distribution 2018-19 Domestic 2016-17 and average - 2016- Housing Benefits % (2018-19 Change (£000s) settlement Dwellings 2017-18) 17 and 2017-18) GCF share settlement) Recipients 34,970 667 674 7 Isle of Anglesey 342 206 860 4,883 2.0% 1,187 61,730 1,186 0 Gwynedd 486 336 1,839 7,708 3.5% 1,116 56,980 1,307 192 912 459 1,739 8,524 3.9% Conwy 44,560 205 Denbighshire 866 761 357 1,406 7,982 3.2% 1,071 Flintshire 1,098 68,050 1,397 299 854 485 1,751 9,143 4.2% 138 1,320 60,110 1,459 Wrexham 1,032 605 1,675 10,735 4.4% 64,460 -9 Powys 1,155 477 245 7,465 3.4% 1,145 1,767 903 35,450 817 -86 Ceredigion 411 242 1,551 4,241 2.4% 50 1,295 61,320 1,345 539 8,786 Pembrokeshire 840 1,651 4.0% Carmarthenshire 2,227 86,920 1,394 725 2.994 12.790 6.2% 2,061 -166 112,050 2,689 -1,448 4,137 Swansea 1,583 1,047 3,529 20,543 8.0% 65,800 Neath Port Talbot 1,593 977 486 2,837 13,414 5.1% 1,702 109 172 1,315 63,620 1,487 Bridgend 966 521 1,936 11,135 4.4% 1,056 57,530 1,308 252 Vale of Glamorgan 917 549 1,514 8,415 3.9% Rhondda Cynon Taf 2,216 108,860 1,281 807 3,752 19,174 7.5% 2,502 286 609 27,180 599 -9 Merthyr Tydfil 341 147 5,466 813 1.8% 299 Caerphilly 1,576 78,890 1,166 710 2,336 14,804 5.6% 1,875 32,580 832 -103 934 555 Blaenau Gwent 294 1,024 7,397 2.5% 938 41,140 1,098 160 Torfaen 839 348 1,545 8,495 3.3% Monmouthshire 828 41,580 476 273 1,052 4,848 813 -15 2.4% 1,789 67,000 1,834 45 Newport 1,767 713 1,975 13,198 5.5% 153,530 4,668 4,291 -377 Cardiff 4,026 2,076 4,025 29,873 12.8% 33,494 1,424,310 12,165 43,571 239,016 100.0% 33,494 0 Wales 22,398

Option 5 - Freeze the historic data for additional year

29. If DSG consider the new data not to be of sufficient quality or appropriate, then the data can be frozen for an additional year, to give the group further time to re-asses the data source ahead of the 2020-21 settlement. The weightings of the Non-HRA IBA are also scheduled to be revisited, to ensure the weighting represents the need to spend of the IBA and the impact of the distribution of the additional £12million for 2020-21.

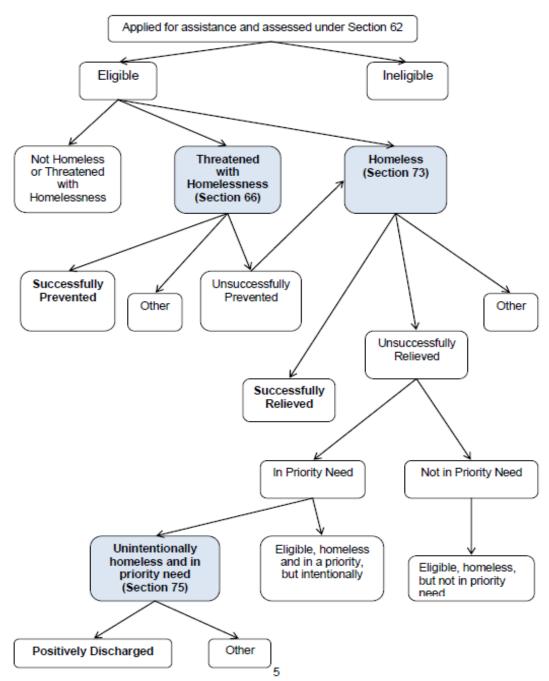
Conclusion

30. DSG members are asked to discuss the possible options outlined in this paper and agree an approach for 2019-20 and beyond.

Local Government Finance and Workforce Partnerships Division Welsh Government

Annex A

Assessment process for homelessness decisions



1 - 'Other' includes assistance refused, non co-operation and other reasons

Annex B

		Outcomes ∇	- 0 - 0														
		⊕ Total	- 10001000	comes													Total & Outcomes
		Relief	Ineligible (● Eligible, but not ♦ homeless or	☐ Number of outcomes - El	igible, threatened with homeles	sness, prevention assistance	provided (Section 66)				Number of outcomes - # Eligible, threatened with	Number of outcomes -		Number of outcomes - Eligible,	⊕ Number of	
Area 🔻 -			households	threatened with	Successful prevention - (Eligible, threatened with homelessness, prevention assistance provided (Section 66)	Unsuccessful prevention - () Eligible, threatened with homelessness, prevention assistance provided (Section 66)	Assistance Refused - Eligible, threatened with homelessness, prevention assistance provided (Section 66)	Non co-operation - Eligible, threatened with homelessness, prevention assistance provided (Section 66)	Application Withdrawn - ® Eligible, threatened with homelessness, prevention assistance provided (Section 66) ①	Application withdrawn due to loss of contact - Eligible, threatened with homelessness, prevention assistance provided (Section 66) ⊕	Other Reasons - Eligible, threatened with homelessness, prevention assistance provided (Section 66)	homelessness, prevention assistance provided (Section 66)		Eligible, homeless but not in priority need	homeless and in a	unintentionally homeless and in priority need (Section 75)	
Wales		3,257	2 9	6 1,149	1,593	396	48	78	81	. 213	15	2,454	2,760	378	57	672	2 7,56
	Isle of Anglesey	27	7	* 9	15	*	*	*	*	*	*	18	30	3	*	:	* 6
	Gwynedd	93	3	* 15	27	9	*	*	*	6	*	39	69	12	*	15	5 14
	Conwy	111	L	* 6	48	15	*	*	*	6	*	72	96	12	*	27	7 21
	Denbighshire	137	2		51	15	*	*	*	*	*	72	135	12	*	2:	1 24
	Flintshire	137	2	3 63	54	15	3	*	6	12	*	126	144	18	*	27	7 38
	Wrexham	120)	3 51	27	60	*	6	*	*	*	96	168	*	12	! *	* 33
	Powys	54	1	* 6	21	3	*	*	*	*	*	27	69	6	*	24	4 13
	Ceredigion	51	ı ·	* 18	30	*	*	*	3	*	*	36	42	*	*	:	3 10
	Pembrokeshire	123	3	* 18	78	6	*	3	3	9	*	99	84	15	3	15	5 23
	Carmarthenshire	213	3	* 111	90	48	*	*	*	3	*	144	243	51	6	5	4 60
	Swansea	261	l	6 342	207	6	18	*	12	. 54	3	300	93	12	*	15	5 76
Wales	Neath Port Talbot	171	ı	* 81	60	27	*	*	12	*	*	99	207	48	*	18	.8 45
	Bridgend	137	2	* 45	63	18	6	6	6	*	*	99	153	42	6	27	7 37
	Vale of Glamorgan	100	3	* *	39	9	*	*	*	*	*	51	69	*	*	30	0 15
	Cardiff	709	3	9 36	360	78	*	*	6	18		468	498	30	*	186	6 1,25
	Rhondda Cynon Taf	228	3	* 87	135	9	12	6	6	18	*	186	159	*	*	19	5 45
	Merthyr Tydfil	45	5	* 12	21	3	*	3	*	*	*	30	63	18	9	(6 14
	Caerphilly	177	7 1	2 213	126	3	*	21	*	- 6	3	165	63	*	*	42	2 49
	Blaenau Gwent	54	1	* 18	9	*	*	12	6	60	*	87	72	. 3	*	15	5 19
	Torfaen	51	ı	9 3	33	18	*	*	3	3	*	60	54	21	9	(6 16
	Monmouthshire	81	1 1	2 *	45	9	*	9	3	*	*	66	69	6	6	9	9 17
	Newport	180)	9 12	60	39	*	6	*	6	*	111	183	72	3	114	4 50

Annex C

Recent related papers

Distribution sub-group (2018)

• Paper 10: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2016)

• Paper 04: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2015)

• Paper 13: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2011)

• Paper 30: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2011)

Paper 22: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2011)

Paper 17: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2011)

Paper 12: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2010)

Paper 40: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2008)

• Paper 16: Non-HRA housing formula

Distribution sub-group (2007)

Paper 40: Reviewing the non HRA housing service formula

Distribution sub-group (2006)

Paper 24: Reviewing the Non-HRA SSA formula

• Paper 12: Reviewing the Non-HRA SSA formula

Paper 20: Reviewing the Non-HRA service formula