The Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) Regulations 2020, as amended with the changes illustrated

This document has been prepared by the Office of the Legislative Counsel in the Welsh Government. It is intended for illustrative purposes only to assist the reader of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) Regulations 2020, to understand the subsequent changes made to those Regulations.

- When text is omitted by the amending Regulations, text is struck through and presented in red text
- When text is inserted by the amending Regulations, text is underlined and presented in blue text
- A superscript number, example ^{1, 2, 3}, refers to the relevant note in the box that follows an amended regulation or Schedule.

This document is not an official version of the Regulations, a copy of which may be found on the legislation.gov.uk website.

The principal Regulations came into force in part on 11 July and for all other purposes on 13 July 2020. They have subsequently been amended, as follows:

Regulations	Came into force
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2020	20 July 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020	25 July and 27 July 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020	3 August 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020	10 August 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 5) Regulations 2020	17 August 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 6) Regulations 2020	22 August 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020	12.01am on 28 August 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 8 September 2020

Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020	14 September 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 17 September 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Functions of Local Authorities etc.) (Wales) Regulations 2020	18 September 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 22 September 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 12) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 24 September 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 13) (Llanelli etc.) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 26 September 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 14) (Cardiff and Swansea) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 27 September 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 15) (Neath Port Talbot, Torfaen and Vale of Glamorgan) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 28 September 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 16) (Conwy, Denbighshire, Flintshire and Wrexham) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 1 October 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 17) Regulations 2020	3 October 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 18) (Bangor) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 10 October 2020
Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 19) Regulations 2020	6.00pm on 16 October 2020

The principal Regulations contain an Explanatory Note, but that Note is not part of the Regulations themselves. The Office of the Legislative Counsel has updated the

Explanatory Note, in this document only, to further assist the reader of the legislation.

Date of issue: 16 October 2020

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

Part 2A of the Public Health (Control of Disease) Act 1984 enables the Welsh Ministers, by regulations, to make provision for the purpose of preventing, protecting against, controlling or providing a public health response to the incidence or spread of infection or contamination in Wales.

These Regulations are made in response to the serious and imminent threat to public health which is posed by the incidence and spread of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) in Wales. The Regulations impose requirements and restrictions on individuals, businesses and others.

The Regulations replace the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/353 (W. 80)) as they were amended by S.I. 2020/399 (W. 88), S.I. 2020/452 (W. 102), S.I. 2020/497 (W. 118), S.I. 2020/529 (W. 124), S.I. 2020/557 (W. 129), S.I. 2020/619 (W. 141) and S.I. 2020/686 (W. 153).

The Regulations have been amended by the:

- Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 5) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 6) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Functions of Local Authorities etc.) (Wales) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 12) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 13) (Llanelli etc.) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 14) (Cardiff and Swansea) Regulations 2020,

- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 15) (Neath Port Talbot, Torfaen and Vale of Glamorgan) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 16) (Conwy, Denbighshire, Flintshire and Wrexham) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 17) Regulations 2020,
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 18) (Bangor) Regulations 2020, and
- the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No.2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 19) Regulations 2020.

There are 7 Parts to the Regulations.

Part 1 contains defined terms (regulation 2); requires the Welsh Ministers to review the proportionality of, and the need for, the restrictions and requirements at least once every 21 days and every seven days for Schedule 4A (regulation 4); and provides that these Regulations expire on 8 January 2021 (regulation 5). This Part also makes provision which modifies the numerous restrictions on individuals in the Regulations which limit interaction with anyone who is not a member of their household. This allows members of up to four households to agree to form a single (extended) household, which means that members of those households can interact with each other as if they were members of one household, however no more than 6 members of the extended household may meet indoors at any one time (excluding children under 11).

Part 2 requires certain business and premises to close. These are listed in Schedule 2 (generally cultural facilities). The requirements to close are, however, subject to exceptions allowing premises to be used for certain listed purposes (regulation 7).

Part 3 imposes obligations on persons responsible for premises open to the public, or for work being carried out at any premises, for the purpose of minimising risk of exposure to coronavirus at the premises. Regulation 12 requires: (1) all reasonable measures to be taken to ensure that a distance of 2 metres is maintained between persons on the premises; (2) any other reasonable measures to be taken - for example limiting close face to face interaction and maintaining hygiene, ceasing certain activities, closing a part of the premises or collecting contact information; and (3) information to be provided to those entering or working at premises about how to minimise risk of exposure to coronavirus. For premises licensed for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises, food or drink may only be served to customers who are seated (subject to certain exemptions for buffets, workplace canteens and premises in educational establishments such as university canteens), and customers must be seated when consuming the food or drink. Premises licensed for the sale of alcohol (whether for consumption on the premises or off the premises) may not serve or supply alcohol after 10.00 p.m. (and may not serve or supply alcohol again before 6.00 a.m. the following morning) and where alcohol may be consumed on the premises, those premises must close at or before 10.20 p.m. (see regulation 12ZA). Regulation 12A requires passengers travelling on public transport services to wear a face covering, unless an exception applies or the passengers have a reasonable excuse for not doing so (examples of which are listed). Regulation 12B requires face coverings to be be worn in the indoor public areas of "open premises" and transport hubs, unless an exemption applies or the person has a reasonable excuse for not doing so (examples of which are listed). The meaning of "open premises" is set out in regulation 12. Regulation 13 provides for guidance to be issued about the practical application of the requirements imposed by regulations 12 and 12A, and those subject to the requirements must have regard to that guidance.

Part 4 imposes limits on gathering with other people. These provide (at regulation 14) that a person may only gather indoors with someone other than a member of their household or their carer, or the person they care for, if they have a reasonable excuse for doing so (examples of which are listed). Regulation 14A provides that a person may not participate in a gathering outdoors consisting of more than 30 people, unless they have a reasonable excuse for doing so (examples of which are listed). Regulation 14A(3) provides that, as an exception to the rule prohibiting people from participating in outdoor gatherings of more than 30 people, a larger outdoor event may take place as long as it is: organised in accordance with the terms of the exception; is approved in writing by the Welsh Ministers; is attended by no more than 100 people; is held in

accordance with any conditions specified by the Welsh Ministers. Regulation 14B(1) provides that no person may, without a reasonable excuse, be involved in organising certain unlicensed music events (within the meaning given in that regulation).

Part 4A and Schedule 4A impose specific restrictions and requirements in relation to particular localities, designated as "local health protection areas". The following areas have been designated as local health protection areas (and are shown in the order in which they appear in Schedule 4A):

- Caerphilly County Borough,
- Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough,
- Blaenau Gwent County Borough,
- Bridgend County Borough,
- Merthyr Tydfil County Borough,
- the City and County Borough of Newport,
- 13 electoral wards in the Llanelli area in Carmarthenshire.
- the City and County of Cardiff,
- the City and County of Swansea,
- Neath Port Talbot County Borough,
- Torfaen County Borough,
- Vale of Glamorgan County Borough,
- Conwy County Borough,
- the County of Denbighshire,
- the County of Flintshire,
- Wrexham County Borough,
- 8 electoral wards in the Bangor area in Gwynedd.

Part 4B and Schedule 4B impose restrictions on persons travelling to Wales from parts of England, Scotland and Northern Ireland which have higher rates of prevalence of coronavirus, listed in Schedule 4B, and corresponding restrictions on people travelling from Wales to such areas.

Part 5 relates to the enforcement of the restrictions and requirements. Regulation 17 makes provision about those who can take enforcement action; Regulation 17A (and Schedules 5 and 6) confer functions on enforcement officers for the purposes of enforcing regulation 12(2), including the power to close premises if necessary; while regulation 18 relates to the enforcement actions themselves. Regulation 19 contains a power to enter premises. Regulation 20 provides that a person who contravenes (listed) requirements in these Regulations commits an offence. Regulation 21 allows for offences (other than those under regulation 20(2A)(a)) to be punished by way of a fixed penalty notice (the amount of which doubles on each of a person's second and subsequent penalty notices, up to a maximum of £1920, apart from in relation to an alleged contravention of regulation 14B(1), where the penalty notice is for £10,000) and regulation 22 relates to prosecutions of offences under the regulations.

The Welsh Ministers' Code of Practice on the carrying out of Regulatory Impact Assessments was considered in relation to these Regulations. As a result, a regulatory impact assessment has not been prepared as to the likely cost and benefit of complying with these Regulations.

This document has been prepared by the Welsh Government to assist readers of the legislation, but is not an official version of the Statutory Instrument or the Explanatory Note		

WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2020 No. 725 (W. 162)

PUBLIC HEALTH, WALES

The Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) Regulations 2020

Approved by Senedd Cymru

Made at 3.40p.m. on 10 July 2020

Laid before Senedd Cymru at 6.00p.m. on 10 July

2020

Coming into force in accordance with regulation 1(3) and (4)

The Welsh Ministers make the following Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 45C(1) and (3)(c), 45F(2) and 45P of the Public Health (Control of Disease) Act 1984(1).

These Regulations are made in response to the serious and imminent threat to public health which is posed by the incidence and spread of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) in Wales.

The Welsh Ministers consider that restrictions and requirements imposed by these Regulations are proportionate to what they seek to achieve, which is a public health response to that threat.

In accordance with section 45R of that Act the Welsh Ministers are of the opinion that, by reason of urgency, it is necessary to make this instrument without a draft having been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the National Assembly for Wales.

PART 1

Introduction

1. Title, application and coming into force

- (1) The title of these Regulations is the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) Regulations 2020.
- (2) These Regulations apply in relation to Wales (which for the purposes of Part 3, includes the airspace above Wales)¹.
- (3) The following provisions of these Regulations come into force on 11 July 2020—

^{(1) 1984} c. 22. Sections 45C, 45F and 45P were inserted by section 129 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (c. 14). The functions under these sections are conferred on "the appropriate Minister". Under section 45T(6) of the 1984 Act the appropriate Minister, as respects Wales, is the Welsh Ministers.

- (a) regulation 2;
- (b) regulation 8;
- (c) regulation 9 so far as it applies to a requirement under regulation 8(1);
- (d) regulations 12 and 13 so far as they apply to a person responsible for premises of a business listed in Schedule 3;
- (e) regulations 17 to 22 so far as they apply to a contravention (or alleged contravention) of regulation 8(1);
- (f) regulation 3 so far as it relates to the following provisions of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020(2)—
 - (i) paragraphs (4) to (6) of regulation 4 so far as they apply to a person responsible for carrying on a business listed in Part 3 of Schedule 1;
 - (ii) regulation 5;
 - (iii) regulation 7A so far as it applies in relation to a requirement or restriction imposed by regulation 4(5B) or 5(3C) on a person responsible for carrying on a business listed in Part 3 of Schedule 1;
 - (iv) regulations 10 to 14 so far as they apply to a contravention (or alleged contravention) of regulation 4(4) or 5(3C) by a person responsible for carrying on a business listed in Part 3 of Schedule 1.
- (4) These Regulations come into force for all other purposes on 13 July 2020.

Notes:

Inserted by reg 3(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)

2. Interpretation

- (1) In these Regulations—
 - (a) "burial" includes the interment of a dead person's ashes;
 - (b) "carer" means a person who provides care for the person assisted where—
 - (i) the carer is entitled to an assessment under section 24 of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014(3),
 - (ii) the care is part of the provision of community care services under Part 4 of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014, or
 - (iii) the care is provided by a care provider registered under Part 1 of the Regulation and Inspection of Social Care (Wales) Act 2016(4);
 - (c) "cemetery" includes a burial ground and any other place for the interment of the dead;
 - (d) "coronavirus" means severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2);
 - (e) "elite athlete" means an individual designated as such for the purposes of these Regulations by the Sports Council for Wales;

(4) 2016 anaw 2.

⁽²⁾ S.I. 2020/353 (W. 80) as amended by S.I. 2020/399 (W. 88), S.I. 2020/452 (W. 102), S.I. 2020/497 (W. 118), S.I. 2020/529 (W. 124), S.I. 2020/557 (W. 129), S.I. 2020/619 (W. 141) and S.I. 2020/686 (W. 153).

^{(3) 2014} anaw 4.

- (f) "local authority" means the council of a county or county borough in Wales;
- (g) "open premises" has the meaning given by regulation 12(3);
- (h) "parental responsibility" has the same meaning as in the Children Act 1989(5);
- (i) a "person responsible for carrying on a business" includes the owner, proprietor, and manager of that business;
- (j) "premises" includes any building or structure and any land;
- (k) "vulnerable person" includes—
 - (i) any person aged 70 or older;
 - (ii) any person under 70 who has an underlying health condition;
 - (iii) any person who is pregnant;
 - (iv) any child;
 - (v) any person who is a vulnerable adult within the meaning given by section 60(1) of the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006(6).
- (1) "face covering" means a covering of any type which covers a person's nose and mouth;
- (m) "public transport service" means a service provided for the carriage of passengers by road, railway, tramway, air or water;
- (n) "vehicle" includes an aircraft, a cable car, a train, a tram and a vessel. 1
- (o) "care home" means premises at which a "care home service" within the meaning given by paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 to the Regulation and Inspection of Social Care (Wales) Act 2016(7) is provided;
- (p) "hospice" means premises wholly or mainly used for the provision of palliative care to persons who are suffering from a progressive disease in its final stages, by or behalf of an establishment the primary function of which is the provision of such care;
- (q) <u>"secure accommodation" means premises at which a "secure accommodation service"</u> within the meaning given by paragraph 2 of Schedule 1 to the Regulation and Inspection of Social Care (Wales) Act 2016 is provided.³
- (r) "local health protection area" has the meaning given by Schedule 4A.⁴
- (s) a "child" means a person who is aged under 18, but in regulations 14(2)(ja), 14A(2)(ea) and 14D(3)(l) and paragraphs 3(2)(la) and 4(2)(la) of Schedule 4A, it means a person who was aged under 18 on 31 August 2020;
- (t) "local health protection area" means an area listed in paragraph 1 of Schedule 4A.5
- (2) For the purposes of the definition of "elite athlete" in paragraph (1)—
 - (a) an individual is designated by the Sports Council for Wales only if the individual has been nominated for designation by a relevant sporting body and the Council has accepted the nomination, and
 - (b) "relevant sporting body" means the national governing body of a sport which may nominate athletes to represent—
 - (i) Great Britain and Northern Ireland at the Olympic or Paralympic Games, or
 - (ii) Wales at the Commonwealth Games.

^{(5) 1989} c. 41. See Part 1 of the Act, to which there have been various amendments, including by the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008 (c. 22) and S.I. 2019/1458.

^{(6) 2006} c. 47, as amended by section 65 of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 (c. 9).

^{(7) 2016} anaw. 2, as amended by S.I. 2017/1326 (W. 299) and S.I. 2018/195 (W. 44).

- (3) For the purposes of these Regulations—
 - (a) there is a gathering when two or more people are in the same place in order to do something together;
 - (b) premises are indoors if they are enclosed or substantially enclosed within the meaning given by regulation 2 of the Smoke-free Premises etc. (Wales) Regulations 2007(8).
- (4) If two households agree to be treated as a single (extended) household for the purposes of these Regulations, any reference in these Regulations (other than in paragraphs (5) to (7)) to a "household" is to be read as including both households.
- (5) To agree to be treated as a single household all of the adults of the two households must agree.
- (6) But
 - (a) a household may only agree to be treated as a single household with one other household, and
 - (b) if two households cease to agree to be treated as a single household, neither household may agree to be treated as a single household under paragraph (4) with any other household.
- (7) If two households have agreed to be treated as a single (extended) household for the purposes of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020 they are to be treated as also having agreed for the purposes of these Regulations.²
- (8) For the purposes of regulations 14, 14A and 14D and Schedule 4A, an activity or event is "organised" if—
 - (a) it is organised by—
 - (i) a business,
 - (ii) a public body or charitable, benevolent, educational or philanthropic institution,
 - (iii) a club or political organisation, or
 - (iv) the national governing body of a sport or other activity, and
 - (b) the person organising it has—
 - (i) <u>carried out a risk assessment which would satisfy the requirements of regulation</u> 3 of the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999(9), whether or not the person is subject to those Regulations, and
 - (ii) complied with the requirements of regulations 12(2) and 13(1).
- (9) For the purposes of paragraph (8)(b)—
 - (a) regulation 3 of the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 applies as if the activity or event were an undertaking conducted by the person organising it;
 - (b) regulation 12(2) of these Regulations applies as if the place where the activity or event takes place were open premises for which the person organising it is responsible.⁶

Notes:

Inserted by reg 3(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)

⁽⁸⁾ S.I. 2007/787 (W. 68)

⁽⁹⁾ S.I. 1999/3242. Regulation 3 was amended by S.I. 2005/1541, S.I. 2015/21 and S.I. 2015/1637.

- Omitted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.6) Regulations 2020 (22/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

2A. Extended households

- (1) Up to four households may agree to be treated as an extended household for the purposes of these Regulations.
- (2) To agree to be treated as an extended household, all of the adults of the households in question must agree.
- (3) [Where households agree to be treated as an extended household, any reference in these Regulations (other than in this regulation) to a "household" is to be read as including the households that have so agreed.
- (3) Where households agree to be treated as an extended household—
 - (a) any reference in these Regulations (other than in this regulation [and regulation 14(1)(b)(i), regulation 14(1)(b)(i) and paragraph 2 of Schedule 4A³]) to a "household" is to be read as including the households that have so agreed, and
 - (b) regulation 14 applies to a gathering consisting of persons from more than one household in an extended household as if, for paragraph (1), there were substituted—
 - "(1) A gathering in premises indoors may not, without reasonable excuse, consist of—
 - (a) more than 6 members of an extended household, not including any children under the age of 11;
 - (b) a person who is not a member of the extended household apart from—
 - (i) the carer of a member of the extended household, or
 - (ii) a person to whom a member of the extended household is providing care."]²
- (4) A household may only agree to be treated as being in one extended household.
- (5) A household ceases to be treated as being in an extended household if any adult in the household ceases to agree to be treated as being in the extended household.
- (6) If a household ceases to be treated as being in an extended household, the household may not agree to be treated as being in an extended household with any other household.
- (7) Paragraph (8) applies where two households—
 - (a) <u>agreed to be treated as a single (extended) household for the purposes of these Regulations before 22 August 2020, or</u>
 - (b) were treated as having done so in accordance with regulation 2(7) of these Regulations before that date.
- (8) Where this paragraph applies, the households—
 - (a) are to be treated as having agreed to be treated as an extended household in accordance with this regulation, and

(b) may agree to be treated as an extended household with up to two more households in accordance with this regulation.¹

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.6) Regulations 2020 (22/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.17) Regulations 2020 (03/10/20)

3. Revocation

- (1) The following Regulations are revoked—
 - (a) the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020(10);
 - (b) the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2020(11);
 - (c) the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020(12);
 - (d) the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020(13);
 - (e) the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020(**14**);
 - (f) the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 5) Regulations 2020(15);
 - (g) the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 6) Regulations 2020(16);
 - (h) the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020(17).
- (2) Despite the revocation of those Regulations, they continue in force in relation to any offence committed under the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020 before these Regulations came into force.

⁽¹⁰⁾ S.I. 2020/353 (W. 80)

⁽¹¹⁾ S.I. 2020/399 (W. 88).

⁽¹²⁾ S.I. 2020/452 (W. 102).

⁽¹³⁾ S.I. 2020/497 (W. 118).

⁽¹⁴⁾ S.I. 2020/529 (W. 124).

⁽¹⁵⁾ S.I. 2020/557 (W. 129).

⁽¹⁶⁾ S.I. 2020/619 (W. 141).

⁽¹⁷⁾ S.I. 2020/686 (W. 153).

4. Review

- (1) The Welsh Ministers must review the need for restrictions and requirements imposed by these Regulations, and whether those restrictions and requirements are proportionate to what the Welsh Ministers seek to achieve by them
 - (a) by 30 July 2020;
 - (b) at least once in the period of 21 days beginning with 31 July 2020;
 - (c) at least once in each subsequent period of 21 days.

4. Review

- (1) The Welsh Ministers must review the need for restrictions and requirements imposed by these Regulations (other than the restrictions and requirements imposed by Schedule 4A), and whether those restrictions and requirements are proportionate to what the Welsh Ministers seek to achieve by them—
 - (a) by 10 September 2020;
 - (b) at least once in the period of 21 days beginning on 11 September 2020;
 - (c) at least once in each subsequent period of 21 days.
- (2) The Welsh Ministers must review the need for restrictions and requirements imposed by Schedule 4A, and whether those restrictions and requirements are proportionate to what the Welsh Ministers seek to achieve by them—
 - (a) by 24 September 2020;
 - (b) at least once in the period of 7 days beginning on 25 September 2020;
 - (c) at least once in each subsequent period of 7 days.¹
- (3) The Welsh Ministers must review the need for restrictions imposed by regulation 14D, and whether those restrictions are proportionate to what the Welsh Ministers seek to achieve by them—
 - (a) by 23 October 2020;
 - (b) at least once in the period of 7 days beginning on 24 October 2020;
 - (c) at least once in each subsequent period of 7 days.²

Notes:

- Regulation 4 substituted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

5. Expiry

- (1) These Regulations expire at the end of the day on 8 January 2021.
- (2) This regulation does not affect the validity of anything done pursuant to these Regulations before they expire.

PART 2

Closure of businesses and premises

6. Closure of indoor bars and restaurants etc.

- (1) A person responsible for carrying on a business which is listed in Schedule 1 must close any part of its premises which is indoors and used for the consumption of food or drink.
- (2) But paragraph (1) does not prevent the provision of room service at a hotel or other accommodation.
- (3) And paragraph (1) applies subject to the need to carry out maintenance and repairs and other work to ensure premises are suitable for use when paragraph (1) no longer applies to the business.
- (4) For the purposes of paragraph (1), an indoor area adjacent to the premises of the business where seating is made available for customers of the business (whether or not by the business) is to be treated as part of the premises of that business.¹

Notes:

Omitted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)

7. Closure of other certain businesses and services

- (1) A person responsible for carrying on a business or providing a service which is listed in Schedule 2 must cease to carry on that business or to provide that service.
- (2) But paragraph (1) does not prevent the use of—
 - (a) premises used for the businesses or services listed in paragraphs 1,1 2,6 4,4 5,6 6 or 12 for 65 2 or 56 of Schedule 2 to broadcast without an audience present at the premises (whether over the internet or as part of a radio or television broadcast);
 - (b) premises for any purpose as may be requested by the Welsh Ministers or a local authority;
 - (c) premises for training for elite athletes;
 - (d) premises used as a museum or gallery, or for providing archive services, for the provision of information or other services
 - (i) through a website, or otherwise by on-line communication,
 - (ii) by telephone, including by text message, or
 - (iii) by post.²
- (3) And paragraph (1) applies subject to the need to carry out maintenance and repairs and other work to ensure premises are suitable for use when paragraph (1) no longer applies to the business or service.

Notes:

- Omitted by reg 3(4)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 3(4)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)

- Inserted by reg 2(3)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(3)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)

8. Closure of holiday accommodation

- (1) A person responsible for carrying on a business which is listed in Schedule 3 must cease to carry on that business.
- (2) But paragraph (1) does not prevent the use of premises
 - (a) for the provision of self-contained accommodation,
 - (b) for the provision of pitches for self-contained caravans at holiday sites or camping sites.
 - (c) for the purposes of a business listed in Schedule 1 (but see regulation 6), or
 - (d) for any purpose as may be requested by the Welsh Ministers or a local authority.
- (3) And paragraph (1) applies to a person responsible for carrying on a business subject to the need to—
 - (a) provide accommodation for any persons staying in that accommodation when these Regulations come into force and who
 - (i) are unable to return to their main residence, or
 - (ii) are using the accommodation as their main residence;
 - (b) carry on the business by providing information or other services
 - (i) through a website, or otherwise by on-line communication,
 - (ii) by telephone, including enquiries by text message, or
 - (iii) by post;
 - (c) carry out maintenance and repairs and other work to ensure premises are suitable for use when paragraph (1) no longer applies to the business.
- (4) For the purposes of paragraph (2)
 - (a) accommodation is self-contained if
 - (i) it is provided to persons who are members of the same household,
 - (ii) toilets and washing facilities are provided in connection with the accommodation which are not shared with anyone who is a member of another household, and
 - (iii) if facilities for the preparation or consumption of food or drink are provided in connection with the accommodation, they are not shared with anyone who is a member of another household;
 - (b) a caravan is self-contained if
 - (i) the persons occupying the caravan are members of the same household,
 - (ii) the caravan contains its own toilet and washing facilities, and

- (iii) the persons occupying the caravan do not share facilities for the preparation or consumption of food or drink at the holiday site or camping site with anyone who is a member of another household;
- (c) "caravan" has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960(18).
- (5) In this regulation and in Schedule 3, a "holiday site" means any land in Wales on which a mobile home or caravan is stationed for the purposes of human habitation (including any land in Wales used in conjunction with that land), in respect of which the relevant planning permission or the site licence for the land—
 - (a) is expressed to be granted for holiday use only, or
 - (b) requires that there are times of the year when no mobile home or caravan may be stationed on the site for human habitation.
- (6) For the purpose of determining whether or not a site is a holiday site, any provision of the relevant planning permission or of the site licence which permits the stationing of a mobile home on the land for human habitation all year round is to be ignored if the mobile home is authorised to be occupied by
 - (a) the person who is the owner of the site, or
 - (b) a person employed by that person but who does not occupy the mobile home under an agreement to which Part 4 of the Mobile Homes (Wales) Act 2013(19) applies.¹

Notes:

Omitted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)

9. Businesses forming part of a larger business

Where—

- (a) a person responsible for carrying on a business ("business A") is required, by virtue of regulation $\frac{6(1)^2}{7(1)}$ or $\frac{8(1)^1}{9(1)}$ [or] $\frac{2}{7(1)}$ to cease carrying on business A, and
- (b) business A forms part of a larger business ("business B"),

the requirement in regulation $\frac{6(1)^2}{7(1)}$, $\frac{7(1)}{7(1)}$ or $\frac{8(1)^1}{7(1)}$ is complied with if the person responsible for carrying on business B ceases to carry on business A.

Notes:

- Substituted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)

^{(18) 1960} c. 62. See section 29(1) (interpretation of Part 1).

^{(19) 2013} anaw 6, as amended by the Housing (Wales) Act 2014 (anaw 7).

10. Closure of [crematoriums and]²-community centres

- (1) [A person responsible for a crematorium must ensure that the crematorium is closed to members of the public, except for the use permitted by paragraph (2).
- (2) The crematorium may open to members of the public for funerals or burials (and to broadcast a funeral or burial whether over the internet or otherwise).
- (3) Paragraph (2) does not apply to the grounds surrounding a crematorium, including any burial ground or garden of remembrance.]¹
- (4) A person responsible for a community centre must ensure that the community centre is closed except where it is used to provide—
 - (a) essential voluntary services, or
 - (b) public services upon the request of the Welsh Ministers or a local authority.³

Notes:

- Omitted by reg 3(5)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 3(5)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)

11. Closure of certain public paths and access land

- (1) Where paragraph (2) applies to a public path or access land in the area of a relevant authority, the relevant authority must—
 - (a) close the public path or access land, and
 - (b) keep it closed until the time when the authority considers that closure is no longer necessary to prevent, protect against, control or provide a public health response to the incidence or spread of infection with coronavirus in its area.
- (2) This paragraph applies to the public paths and access land in its area a relevant authority considers
 - (a) to be liable to large numbers of people congregating or being in close proximity to each other, or
 - (b) the use of which otherwise poses a high risk to the incidence or spread of infection with coronavirus in its area.
- (3) Where a public path has been closed under—
 - (a) regulation 4 of the Health Protection (Coronavirus: Closure of Leisure Businesses, Footpaths and Access Land) (Wales) Regulations 2020(20), or
 - (b) regulation 9 of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020(21),

(21) S.I. 2020/353 (W. 80).

⁽²⁰⁾ S.I. 2020/334 (W. 76).

the path is to be treated as if it were closed under paragraph (1) of this regulation.

- (4) No person may use a public path or access land closed by virtue of paragraph (1) unless authorised by the relevant authority.
- (5) The relevant authority must
 - (a) publish a list of public paths or access land closed in its area on a website;
 - (b) erect and maintain notices in prominent places informing the public of the closure of a public path or access land.
- (6) For the purposes of this regulation references to a public path or access land include parts of a public path or access land.
- (7) In this regulation
 - (a) the "relevant authority" means
 - (i) a local authority,
 - (ii) a National Park authority in Wales,
 - (iii) Natural Resources Wales, or
 - (iv) the National Trust;
 - (b) "public path" means a footpath, bridleway, byway, restricted byway or cycle track and
 - (i) "footpath", "bridleway" and "cycle track" have the same meaning as in section 329(1) of the Highways Act 1980(22);
 - (ii) "byway" means a byway open to all traffic within the meaning given by section 66(1) of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981(23);
 - (iii) "restricted byway" has the meaning given by section 48(4) of the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000(24);
 - (c) "access land" includes land to which the public has access by virtue of its ownership by the National Trust, but otherwise has the same meaning as in section 1(1) of the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000(25).

Notes:

Omitted by reg 2(3)) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)

PART 3

Minimising risk of exposure to coronavirus at open premises and while working

^{(22) 1980} c.66. Section 329 was amended by section 1 of the Cycle Tracks Act 1984 (c. 38) and paragraph 21 of Schedule 3 to the Road Traffic (Consequential Provisions) Act 1988 (c. 54).

⁽**23**) 1981 c. 69.

⁽**24**) 2000 c. 37.

^{(25) 2000} c. 37. Section 1(1) was amended by section 302(2)(a) of the Marine and Coastal Access Act 2009 (c. 23).

12. Reasonable measures to minimise risk of exposure to coronavirus

- (1) Paragraph (2) applies to a person responsible for—
 - (a) open premises, or
 - (b) work carried out at any other premises where a person is working.
- (2) For the purposes of minimising the risk of exposure to coronavirus at the premises, <u>or the spread</u> of coronavirus by those who have been at the premises⁷ the person must—
 - (a) take all reasonable measures to ensure—
 - (i) that a distance of 2 metres is maintained between any persons on the premises (except between two members of the same household, or a carer and the person assisted by the carer);
 - (ii) where persons are required to wait to enter the premises, that a distance of 2 metres is maintained between them (except between two members of the same household, or a carer and the person assisted by the carer),
 - (b) take any other reasonable measures for that purpose, for example measures which limit close face to face interaction and maintain hygiene such as—
 - (i) changing the layout of premises including the location of furniture and workstations;
 - (ii) controlling use of entrances, passageways, stairs and lifts;
 - (iii) controlling use of shared facilities such as toilets and kitchens;
 - (iv) otherwise controlling the use of, or access to, any other part of the premises;
 - (v) installing barriers or screens;
 - (vi) providing or requiring use of personal protective equipment, and
 - (c) provide information to those entering or working at the premises about how to minimise the risk of exposure to coronavirus.
- (2A) [Measures that may be taken under paragraph (2) for the purposes of minimising the risk of exposure to coronavirus at the premises also include—⁵] [Measures that may be taken under paragraph (2) also include—¹⁰]
 - (a) ceasing to carry out certain activities;
 - (b) closing a part of the premises.⁵
 - (c) collecting contact information from each person at the premises or, in relation to persons from the same household, from one of them, and retaining it for 21 days for the purpose of providing it to [the Welsh Ministers or to a public health officer upon either's request⁸] any of the following, upon their request—
 - (i) the Welsh Ministers,
 - (ii) a public health officer,
 - (iii) a person designated by the local authority in whose area the premises are located to process information for the purposes of contacting persons who may have been exposed to coronavirus¹¹].
- (2B) Where paragraph (2) applies to a person responsible for open premises authorised for the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises, the sale or supply of food or drink for consumption on the premises must be carried out in accordance with the reasonable measure specified in paragraph (2C) (subject to paragraphs (2D) and (2E)).
- (2C)The reasonable measure is that customers must be seated in the premises anywhere other than at a bar—

- (a) when ordering food or drink,
- (b) when being served with food or drink, and
- (c) when consuming food or drink.
- (2D) But where the premises provide food on a buffet basis, customers may select food from the buffet and return to where they are seated provided a distance of 2 metres is maintained between any persons at the buffet (except between two members of the same household, or a carer and the person assisted by the carer).

(2E) Sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of paragraph (2C) do not apply to—

- (a) workplace canteens, or
- (b) premises in an educational establishment.

(2F)For the purposes of paragraph (2B)—

- (a) food or drink sold by a hotel or other accommodation as part of room service is not to be treated as being sold for consumption on the premises;
- (b) food or drink sold for consumption in an area adjacent to the premises where seating is made available for customers is to be treated as being sold for consumption on the premises.¹²
- (3) In these Regulations "open premises" means—
 - (a) premises of a business or service listed in Schedule 4;
 - (b) places of worship;
 - (c) cemeteries;
 - (d) premises of a business listed in Schedule 1 which are not required to be closed by virtue of regulation 6;⁴
 - (e) premises of a business listed in Schedule 2 which are permitted to be open by virtue of regulation 7(2);
 - (f) premises of a business listed in Schedule 3 which are permitted to be open by virtue of regulation 8(2) or (3);¹
 - (g) crematoriums permitted to open by virtue of regulation 10(2)²;
 - (h) community centres permitted to open by virtue of regulation 10(4)⁶.
- (4) For the purposes of this regulation "premises" also includes a vehicle used to provide a service for the carriage of passengers by road, rail, tramway, air or sea public transport service³.
- (5) In this regulation—
 - (a) "contact information", in relation to a person at the premises, means the person's name and information sufficient to enable the person to be contacted, to inform them that they may have been exposed to coronavirus at the premises (including a telephone number and the date and time at which the person was at the premises);
 - (b) "public health officer" has the same meaning as in paragraph 3(2)(c) of Schedule 21 to the Coronavirus Act 2020(26).9
- (6) In this regulation and [regulation 12ZA regulations 12ZA and 12ZB¹⁴], open premises are authorised for the sale or supply of alcohol where the premises have been granted or given an authorisation under the Licensing Act 2003(27), and "authorisation" has the meaning given by section 136(5) of that Act.¹³

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(26)	2020 c.	7.

(**27**) 2003 c. 17.

Notes:

- Omitted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 3(6)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Substituted by reg 3(6)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(5)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(4)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(4)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.5) Regulations 2020 (17/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.5) Regulations 2020 (17/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.5) Regulations 2020 (17/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.12) Regulations 2020 (24/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.12) Regulations 2020 (24/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.13) (Llanelli etc.) Regulations 2020 (26/09/20)

12ZA. Restrictions on licensed premises

- (1) A person responsible for open premises authorised for the sale or supply of alcohol may not sell or supply alcohol between 10.00 p.m. and 6.00 a.m.
- (2) Where the premises are authorised for the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises, the person responsible for the premises—
 - (a) must close the premises (to customers) at or before 10.20 p.m. each day, and
 - (b) may not open the premises before 6.00 a.m. each day.
- (3) Despite paragraph (2), a cinema may close later than 10.20 p.m. only for the purpose of concluding the showing of a film which begins before 10.00 p.m.
- (4) Paragraph (2) does not apply to open premises located in—
 - (a) a sea port;
 - (b) an airport.

- (5) <u>In its application to the premises of a hotel or other accommodation, paragraph (2) applies only to those parts of the premises in which alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises.</u>
- (6) Paragraphs (1) and (2) do not allow the premises to be open, or alcohol to be sold or supplied, in contravention of an authorisation granted or given in respect of the premises.¹

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.12) Regulations 2020 (24/09/20)

12ZB. Application of certain restrictions to "bring your own" premises

Regulations 12(2B) to (2E) and 12ZA(2) to (4) apply to open premises not authorised for the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises, but which allow customers to consume their own alcohol in the premises, as they apply to open premises that are authorised for the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises.¹

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.13) (Llanelli etc.) Regulations 2020 (26/09/20)

12A. Requirement to wear face covering on public transport

- (1) A person ("P") who is travelling as a passenger on a vehicle used to provide a public transport service must wear a face covering.
- (2) But this is not required—
 - (a) where an exemption applies under paragraph (3);
 - (b) where P has a reasonable excuse not to wear a face covering, as to which see paragraph (4).
- (3) An exemption to the requirement to wear a face covering applies—
 - (a) where P is a child under the age of 11;
 - (b) on a vehicle providing a school transport service;
 - (c) on a ferry where—
 - (i) the part of the ferry which is open to passengers is entirely outdoors, or
 - (ii) a distance of at least 2 metres can be maintained between persons on the part of the ferry which is open to passengers;
 - (d) on a cruise ship;
 - (e) where P is allocated a cabin, berth or other similar accommodation on the vehicle, at any time when P is in that accommodation—
 - (i) alone, or
 - (ii) only with members of P's household or a member of the household's carer;
 - (f) where—

- (i) P is permitted, or ordinarily required, to board and to stay in a vehicle when using the public transport service,
- (ii) the vehicle is not itself used for the provision of a public transport service, and
- (iii) P stays in that vehicle;
- (g) on an aircraft which neither took off from, nor is to land at, a place in Wales;
- (h) on a vessel which does not dock at a port in Wales.
- (4) The circumstances in which P has a reasonable excuse to not wear a face covering include—
 - (a) where P is unable to put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment, or a disability (within the meaning of section 6 of the Equality Act 2010(28));
 - (b) where P has to remove the face covering to communicate with another person who has difficulty communicating (in relation to speech, language or otherwise);
 - (c) where P has to remove the face covering in order to avoid harm or injury, or the risk of harm or injury, to themselves or others;
 - (d) where P is travelling to avoid injury, or to escape a risk of harm, and does not have a face covering;
 - (e) where P has to remove the face covering to—
 - (i) take medication;
 - (ii) <u>eat or drink, if this is allowed on the vehicle and is reasonably necessary (for example due to the length of the journey);</u>
 - (f) where P is asked to remove the face covering by—
 - (i) an enforcement officer, or
 - (ii) the operator of the public transport service, an employee of the operator or a person authorised by the operator.
- (5) An operator of a public transport service to which paragraph (1) applies must provide information to passengers about the requirement to wear face coverings on their vehicles.
- (6) For the purposes of this regulation a "school transport service" means any transport service provided solely for the purpose of—
 - (a) <u>carrying a person to and from the school or other place at which the person receives</u> education or training, or
 - (b) otherwise facilitating a person's attendance at a school or other place at which the person receives education or training.¹

Notes:

Inserted by reg 3(7) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)

12B. Requirement to wear face covering in certain indoor public places

- (1) A person ("P") must wear a face covering in relevant indoor premises.
- (2) But this is not required—

(28) 2010 c. 15.

- (a) where an exemption applies under paragraph (3);
- (b) where P has a reasonable excuse not to wear a face covering, as to which see paragraph (4).
- (3) An exemption to the requirement to wear a face covering applies—
 - (a) where P is a child under the age of 11;
 - (b) [where P is in premises where food or drink is sold, or otherwise provided, for consumption on those premises.²]
- (4) The circumstances in which P has a reasonable excuse to not wear a face covering include—
 - (a) where P is unable to put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment, or a disability (within the meaning of section 6 of the Equality Act 2010(29));
 - (b) where P is undertaking an activity and wearing a face covering during that activity may reasonably be considered to be a risk to P's health;
 - (c) where P has to remove the face covering to communicate with another person who has difficulty communicating (in relation to speech, language or otherwise);
 - (d) where P has to remove the face covering in order to avoid harm or injury, or the risk of harm or injury, to themselves or others;
 - (e) where P is at the premises to avoid injury, or to escape a risk of harm, and does not have a face covering;
 - (f) where P has to remove the face covering to—
 - (i) take medication;
 - (ii) eat or drink, where reasonably necessary;
 - (g) where P is asked to remove the face covering by an enforcement officer.
 - (h) [where P is seated in premises where food or drink is sold, or otherwise provided, for consumption on the premises.³]
- (5) [For the purposes of paragraph (3)(b), where food or drink is sold or otherwise provided for consumption in a part of premises, the exemption only applies where P is in that part.]⁴
- (6) For the purposes of this regulation, "relevant indoor premises" means the indoor public areas of—
 - (a) open premises;
 - (b) bus stations;
 - (c) railway stations;
 - (d) airports;
 - (e) sea ports.¹

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(4)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.12) Regulations 2020 (24/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(4)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.12) Regulations 2020 (24/09/20)

Omitted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.17) Regulations 2020 (03/10/20)

13. Guidance on minimising exposure

- (1) A person required to take reasonable measures under regulation 12 must have regard to guidance issued by the Welsh Ministers about those measures.
- (1A) An operator of a public transport service to which regulation 12A applies must have regard to guidance issued by the Welsh Ministers about—
 - (a) the requirement to wear a face covering in accordance with paragraphs (1) to (4) of regulation 12A and the enforcement of that requirement under regulation 18;
 - (b) providing information to passengers in accordance with paragraph (5) of regulation 12A.¹
- (2) The Welsh Ministers—
 - (a) may revise guidance issued under paragraph (1) or $(1A)^2$, and
 - (b) must publish the guidance (and any revisions).
- (3) Guidance under this regulation may incorporate (by reference or transposition) guidance, codes of practice or other documents published by another person (for example, a trade association, body representing members of an industry or a trade union).

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 3(8)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 3(8)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)

PART 4

Gathering with other people

14. Restrictions on gatherings Restriction on indoor gatherings⁷

- (1) No person may, without a reasonable excuse—
 - (a) gather outdoors with any other person apart from
 - (i) members of their household or of no more than one other household,
 - (ii) their carer, or
 - (iii) a person they are providing care to;6
 - (b) gather in premises indoors with any other person apart from—
 - (i) the members of their household,
 - (ii) their carer, or
 - (iii) a person they are providing care to.
- (2) A reasonable excuse includes the need to do the following—

- (a) obtain or provide 12 medical assistance, including accessing any of the services referred to in paragraph 10 of Schedule 4 or accessing veterinary services;
- (b) provide or receive care or assistance, including relevant personal care, provide, receive or access care or assistance, including childcare or relevant personal care 15 within the meaning of paragraph 7(3B) of Schedule 4 to the Safeguarding of Vulnerable Groups Act 2006(30), where the person receiving the care is a vulnerable person;
- (c) provide or receive emergency assistance;
- (d) donate blood;13
- (e) work or provide voluntary or charitable services;
- (f) where the person is an elite athlete, train or compete;
- (g) attend a solemnization of a marriage or formation of a civil partnership—
 - (i) as a party to the marriage or civil partnership,
 - (ii) if invited to attend, or
 - (iii) as the carer of a person attending.
- (h) attend a funeral—
 - (i) as a person responsible for arranging the funeral,
 - (ii) if invited by a person responsible for arranging the funeral, or
 - (iii) as the carer of a person attending;

(hza) participate in a gathering of no more than 30 people at open premises to—

- (i) <u>celebrate a solemnization of a marriage or formation of a civil partnership that</u> takes place on or after 22 August 2020,
- (ii) <u>celebrate the life of a deceased person whose funeral is held on or after 22</u> August 2020;⁹

(ha) attend a place of worship;¹

- (i) meet a legal obligation, including attending court or satisfying bail conditions, or to participate in legal proceedings;
- (j) access or receive eritical² public services, including
 - (i) childcare or educational services;
 - (ii) social services;
 - (iii) services provided by the Department for Work and Pensions;
 - (iv) services provided to victims (such as victims of crime or domestic violence);²
- (ja) [access childcare or participate in supervised activities for children;3
- (ja) participate in or facilitate organised activities for the development or well-being of children (including sports, music and other recreational activities such as those provided for children outside of school hours and during school holidays);]¹⁶

(jb) access educational services; 10

(30)

(k) in relation to children who do not live in the same household as their parents, or one of their parents, continue existing arrangements for access to, and contact between, parents and children, and for the purposes of this paragraph, "parent" includes a person who is not a parent of the child, but who has parental responsibility for, or who has care of, the child;

²⁰⁰⁶ c. 47. Paragraph 7(3B) was inserted by section 66(2) of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 (c. 9).

- (l) move home;
- (m) prepare a residential property for persons to move in;
- (n) undertake the following activities in connection with the purchase, sale, letting or rental of unoccupied residential property
 - (i) visiting estate or letting agents, developer sales offices or show homes;
 - (ii) viewing such a property;
- (m) <u>undertake activities in connection with the purchase, sale, letting, or rental of residential property.</u>⁴
- (o) avoid injury or illness or escape a risk of harm.
- (p) exercise with others, in a gathering of no more than 30 people, at a fitness studio, gym, swimming pool, other indoor leisure centre or facility or any other open premises.⁸
- (q) visit a person who is resident in a care home, hospice, or in secure accommodation. 11
- (2A) It is also a reasonable excuse for no more than 6 people to gather in (any) premises indoors where all the persons in the gathering—
 - (a) live in the same premises, and
 - (b) share toilet, washing, dining or cooking facilities with each other. 14
- (3) Paragraph (1) does not apply to a person who is homeless.
- (4) For the purposes of paragraph (2)(n), a property is unoccupied if no person occupies the property as a residence.⁵

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 (20/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(5)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Substituted by reg 3(9)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 3(9)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(6)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 6) Regulations 2020 (22/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)

- Inserted by reg 2(2)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(2)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020 (22/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

14A. Restriction on outdoor gatherings

- (1) No person may, without a reasonable excuse, participate in a gathering outdoors that consists of more than 30 people.
- (2) A reasonable excuse includes the need to do the following—
 - (a) work or provide voluntary or charitable services;
 - (b) where the person is an elite athlete, train or compete;
 - (c) meet a legal obligation;
 - (d) access or receive public services;
 - (e) [access childcare or participate in supervised activities for children. 1
 - (e) provide, receive or access childcare;
 - (ea) participate in or facilitate organised activities for the development or well-being of children (including sports, music and other recreational activities such as those provided for children outside of school hours and during school holidays);]⁴
 - (f) access educational services.³
- (3) But the restriction in paragraph (1) does not apply to an organised [outdoor event event held outdoors]⁵—
 - (a) authorised in writing by the Welsh Ministers,
 - (b) at which no more than 100 people are in attendance (not including persons working, or providing voluntary services, at the event), and
 - (c) which is held in accordance with any conditions specified in writing by the Welsh Ministers.
- (4) [For the purposes of paragraph (3)(a), an event is an "organised outdoor event" if
 - (a) it takes place outdoors,
 - (b) it is organised by
 - (i) a business,
 - (ii) a public body or a charitable, benevolent or philanthropic institution,
 - (iii) a club or political organisation, or
 - (iv) the national governing body of a sport or other activity, and
 - (c) the person organising it has

- (i) carried out a risk assessment which would satisfy the requirements of regulation 3 of the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999(31), whether or not the person is subject to those Regulations, and
- (ii) complied with the requirements of regulations 12(2) and 13(1).
- (5) For the purposes of paragraph (4)(c)
 - (a) regulation 3 of the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 applies as if the event were an undertaking conducted by the person organising it;
 - (b) regulation 12(2) of these Regulations applies as if the place where the event takes place were open premises for which the person organising the event is responsible. 612

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(7) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 6) Regulations 2020 (22/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(6) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(5)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(5)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(5)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

14B. Restriction on organising certain unlicensed music events

- (1) No person may, without a reasonable excuse, be involved in organising a relevant unlicensed music event.
- (2) For the purposes of this regulation "relevant unlicensed music event" means an event—
 - (a) which consists of more than 30 people,
 - (b) at which people are gathered in contravention of regulation 14(1) or 14A(1),
 - (c) at which music is played or performed for the purpose, or for purposes which include the purpose, of entertainment, and
 - (d) where the playing or performance of the music is—
 - (i) a licensable activity (within the meaning of the Licensing Act 2003(32)), and
 - (ii) not carried on under and in accordance with an authorisation (within the meaning given by section 136(5) of that Act).
- (3) For the purposes of this regulation, a person is not involved in organising a relevant unlicensed music event if the person's only involvement is, or would be, attending it.

⁽³¹⁾ S.I. 1999/3242. Regulation 3 was amended by S.I. 2005/1541, S.I. 2015/21 and S.I. 2015/1637.

^{(32) 2003} c. 17.

(4) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a reasonable excuse includes where the person has taken all reasonable measures to ensure that people were not gathered at the event in contravention of regulation 14(1) or 14A(1).¹

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(7) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)

PART 4A

Local restrictions

14C. Local health protection [area areas²]

Schedule 4A contains provision about restrictions and requirements applying in relation to [a local health protection areas local health protection areas] (including provisions modifying the effect of other provisions of these Regulations as they apply in relation to [that area those areas local health protection areas local health pr

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(3)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(3)(b)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(3)(b)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)

PART 4B

Travel restrictions

14D. Restriction on travel to and from areas of high prevalence of coronavirus

- (1) No person living in an area listed in Schedule 4B may, without a reasonable excuse, enter or remain in a part of Wales that is not a local health protection area.
- (2) No person living in a part of Wales that is not a local health protection area may, without a reasonable excuse, leave Wales for the purpose of entering an area listed in Schedule 4B.
- (3) For the purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2), a reasonable excuse includes the need to do the following in a part of Wales that is not a local health protection area or in an area listed in Schedule 4B (respectively)—
 - (a) obtain—
 - (i) <u>food and medical supplies for those in the same household (including animals in</u> the household) or for vulnerable persons;

- (ii) supplies for the essential upkeep, maintenance and functioning of the household, or the household of a vulnerable person;
- (b) <u>obtain money from or deposit money with any business or service listed in paragraph 6 or</u> 7 of Schedule 4;
- (c) <u>obtain or provide medical assistance, including accessing any of the services referred to in</u> paragraph 10 of Schedule 4 or accessing veterinary services;
- (d) provide, receive or access care or assistance, including childcare or relevant personal care within the meaning of paragraph 7(3B) of Schedule 4 to the Safeguarding of Vulnerable Groups Act 2006(33), where the person receiving the care is a vulnerable person;
- (e) work or provide voluntary or charitable services where it is not reasonably practicable to carry out the work or provide the service from outside the area;
- (f) where the person is an elite athlete, train and compete;
- (g) provide or receive emergency assistance;
- (h) attend a solemnization of a marriage or formation of a civil partnership—
 - (i) as a party to the marriage or civil partnership,
 - (ii) if invited to attend, or
 - (iii) as the carer of a person attending;
- (i) attend a funeral—
 - (i) as a person responsible for arranging the funeral,
 - (ii) <u>if invited by a person responsible for arranging the funeral, or</u>
 - (iii) as the carer of a person attending;
- (j) meet a legal obligation, including attending court or satisfying bail conditions, or to participate in legal proceedings;
- (k) access or receive public services;
- (l) participate in or facilitate organised activities for the development or well-being of children (including sports, music and other recreational activities such as those provided for children outside of school hours and during school holidays);
- (m) access educational services;
- (n) in relation to children who do not live in the same household as their parents, or one of their parents, continue existing arrangements for access to, and contact between, parents and children, and for the purposes of this paragraph, "parent" includes a person who is not a parent of the child, but who has parental responsibility for, or who has care of, the child;
- (o) move home;
- (p) <u>undertake activities in connection with the purchase, sale, letting, or rental of residential property;</u>
- (q) avoid injury or illness or escape a risk of harm;
- (r) travel to reach a place outside the area.
- (4) For the purposes of paragraph (1), it is not a reasonable excuse for a person to enter, or remain in, a part of Wales that is not a local health protection area to do anything if it would be reasonably practicable for the person to do that thing outside the area.

^{(33) 2006} c. 47. Paragraph 7(3B) was inserted by section 66(2) of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 (c. 9).

(5) For the purposes of paragraph (2), it is not a reasonable excuse for a person to leave Wales for the purpose of entering an area listed in Schedule 4B to do anything if it would be reasonably practicable for the person to do that thing outside the area.¹

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(6) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

15. Exception for organised outdoor activities

- (1) Despite the meaning of "gathering" given by regulation 2(3)(a), regulation 14(1) does not apply to any organised outdoor activity consisting of no more than 30 persons.
- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), an activity is an "organised outdoor activity" if
 - (a) it takes place outdoors,
 - (b) it is organised by
 - (i) a business,
 - (ii) a public body or a charitable, benevolent or philanthropic institution,
 - (iii) a club or political organisation, or
 - (iv) the national governing body of a sport or other activity, and
 - (c) the person organising it has
 - (i) carried out a risk assessment which would satisfy the requirements of regulation 3 of the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999(34), whether or not the person is subject to those Regulations, and
 - (ii) complied with the requirements of regulations 12(2) and 13(1).
- (3) For the purposes of paragraph (2)(c)
 - (a) regulation 3 of the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 applies as if the activity were an undertaking conducted by the person organising it;
 - (b) regulation 12(2) of these Regulations applies as if the place where the activity takes place were open premises for which the person organising the activity is responsible. 1

Notes:

Omitted by reg 2(8) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)

16. Requirement to continue to work from home where practicable

- (1) In the circumstances referred to in paragraph (2), no person may leave the place where they are living, or remain away from that place, for the purposes of work or to provide voluntary or charitable services.
- (2) The circumstances are that it is reasonably practicable for the person to work or to provide voluntary or charitable services from the place where they are living.

⁽³⁴⁾ S.I. 1999/3242. Regulation 3 was amended by S.I. 2005/1541, S.I. 2015/21 and S.I. 2015/1637.

(3) For the purposes of this regulation, the place where a person is living includes the premises where they live together with any garden, yard, passage, stair, garage, outhouse or other appurtenance of such premises.¹

Notes:

Omitted by reg 2(6) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)

PART 5

Enforcement

17. Enforcement officers

- (A1) In regulation 17A and Schedule 5, an "enforcement officer" means a person designated by a local authority for the purposes of these Regulations.⁴
- (1) For the purposes of regulations 18 to 21, an "enforcement officer" means—
 - (a) a constable,
 - (b) a police community support officer,
 - (c) a person designated by—
 - (i) the Welsh Ministers, or⁷
 - (ii) a local authority,
 - (iii) a National Park authority in Wales, or
 - (iv) Natural Resources Wales,⁸

for the purposes of regulations 18 to 21 these Regulations⁵ (but see paragraphs (2) and (3) paragraph 2¹³), or

- (d) a person designated under regulation 10(11)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020(35) as a relevant person (within the meaning given by that regulation) by—
 - (i) the Welsh Ministers, or⁹
 - (ii) a local authority,
 - (iii) a National Park authority in Wales, or
 - (iv) Natural Resources Wales, 10

(but see paragraphs (2) and (3) paragraph (2)¹⁴).

- (2) A person designated by a local authority may exercise an enforcement officer's functions only in relation to a contravention (or alleged contravention) of a requirement in regulation 6(1),³ 7(1), 8(1),¹ [10(1) or (4) 10(4)]², 11(4) or 12(2) [11(4)⁶]¹¹ [or 12 (2)], or paragraph 7 of Schedule 4A¹⁵], 12(2) or 12ZA(1) or (2)¹⁶][,¹⁵] or Schedule 5⁶.
- (3) A person designated by a National Park authority or Natural Resources Wales may exercise an enforcement officer's functions only in relation to a contravention (or alleged contravention) of the requirement in regulation 11(4).¹²

⁽³⁵⁾ S.I. 2020/353 (W. 80).

Notes:

- Omitted by reg 2(7) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Substituted by reg 3(10) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(9) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(6)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(a)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(5)(a)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(b)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(5)(b)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(5)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(5)(d) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(a)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(a)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(5) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.12) Regulations 2020 (24/09/20)

17A. Enforcement of regulation 12(2)

Schedules 5 and 6 make provision for and in connection with conferring functions on enforcement officers for the purpose of enforcing regulation 12(2).

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(7) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)

18. Enforcement actions

- (1) An enforcement officer may give a compliance notice to a person if the officer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that the person is contravening a requirement in regulation $\frac{6(1)}{5}$, $\frac{6}{7}$, $\frac{8(1)}{1}$, $\frac{10(1)}{1}$ or $\frac{4}{7}$ or $\frac{12(2)}{1}$ $\frac{10(4)}{1}$, $\frac{12(2)}{1}$ or $\frac{12}{1}$ or $\frac{12}{1}$.
- (2) A compliance notice may specify measures that the person to whom it is given must take as soon as is reasonably practicable so as to prevent that person from continuing to contravene the requirement.
- (3) If an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to suspect that a person ("P") is contravening (or is about to contravene) regulation 11(4), the officer may remove P from a public path or access land (within the meaning given by regulation 11(7)) which is closed (or is being closed) by virtue of regulation 11(1), and may use reasonable force, if necessary, to do so.²¹
- (3A) If an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to suspect that a person ("P") is contravening (or is about to contravene) regulation 12A(1), the officer may—
 - (a) <u>direct P not to board the vehicle providing the public transport service in question;</u>
 - (b) remove P from the vehicle, and may use reasonable force, if necessary, to do so.
- (3B) If the operator of a public transport service, an employee of the operator or a person authorised by the operator, has reasonable grounds to suspect that a person ("P") is about to contravene regulation 12A(1), the operator, employee or authorised person may direct P not to board the vehicle providing the public transport service in question.³
- (3C) If an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to suspect that a person ("P") is contravening (or is about to contravene) [paragraph 6(1) of Schedule 4A regulation 12B(1)]²², the officer may—
 - (a) direct P not to enter the premises;
 - (b) remove P from the premises, and may use reasonable force, if necessary, to do so.¹⁴
- (4) Where an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that people are gathered together in contravention of regulation 14(1) or $14A(1)^7$, the officer may—
 - (a) direct the gathering to disperse;
 - (b) direct any person in the gathering to return to the place where they are living:
 - (c) remove any person in the gathering to the place where they are living.
- (4A) Where an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that a person ("P") is contravening (or is about to contravene) paragraph 3(1) or 4(1) of Schedule 4A, the officer may—
 - (a) direct P to return to the place where P is living;
 - (b) remove P to that place. 15
- (4B) Where an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that a person ("P") is contravening (or is about to contravene) regulation 14D(1) or (2), the officer may direct P to return to the place where P is living.²⁴
- (5) An enforcement officer may—
 - (a) when exercising the power in paragraph (4) [or (4A) or (4B)]²⁵, direct a person to follow such instructions as the officer considers necessary;
 - (b) use reasonable force in the exercise of the power in paragraph (4)(a) or (c) or $(4A)(b)^{17}$.
- (5A) Where an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that a person is contravening, or is about to contravene, regulation 14B(1), the officer may—
 - (a) <u>direct the person to follow such instructions as the officer considers necessary in order to stop or prevent the contravention;</u>

- (b) remove the person from the location or proposed location of the event which the officer suspects is being, or is about to be, organised in contravention of regulation 14B(1) (and the officer may use reasonable force to do so). 13
- (6) Where an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to suspect that a person ("P") is in a gathering in contravention of regulation 14(1) or 14A(1)⁷ and is a child accompanied by an individual ("I") who has responsibility for P—
 - (a) the officer may direct I to take P to the place where P is living, and
 - (b) I must, so far as reasonably practicable, ensure that P complies with any direction or instruction given by the officer to P.
- (6ZA) Where an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to suspect that a person ("P") is contravening, or is about to contravene, [regulation 14D(1) or (2) or]²⁶ paragraph 3(1) or 4(1) of Schedule 4A and is a child accompanied by an individual ("I") who has responsibility for P—
 - (a) the officer may direct I to take P to the place where P is living, and
 - (b) I must, so far as reasonably practicable, ensure that P complies with any direction or instruction given by the officer to P.¹⁸
- (6A) Where an enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a child is failing to comply with the requirement in regulation 12A(1) [or [paragraph 6(1) of Schedule 4A¹⁹] regulation 12B(1)²³], the officer may direct any individual who has responsibility for the child to secure, so far as reasonably practicable, that the child complies with the requirement.⁴
- (7) For the purposes of paragraph 6, $(6ZA)^{20}$ and $(6A)^{5}$, I has responsibility for a child if I—
 - (a) has custody or charge of the child for the time being, or
 - (b) has parental responsibility for the child.
- (7A) An enforcement officer may, to facilitate the exercise of a power conferred on the officer by Schedule 5—
 - (a) require any person to give any information or answer any question the officer considers to be relevant to the exercise of the power;
 - (b) require the production of, inspect and take copies of, any documents or electronic records.⁹
- (8) An enforcement officer may take other action to facilitate the exercise of a power conferred on the officer by this regulation or regulation 19 or Schedule 5¹⁰.
- (9) An enforcement officer may only exercise a power under this regulation or regulation 19 if the officer considers that it is necessary and proportionate to do so.
- (9A) A person may not be required under paragraph (7A) to provide a document, record or other information in respect of which a claim for legal professional privilege could be maintained in legal proceedings.
- (9B)No information or answer given by a person in response to a requirement imposed under paragraph (7A)(a) is admissible in evidence against that person, or the person's spouse or civil partner, in [proceedings under any enactment other than any proceedings other than proceedings under]¹² these Regulations.¹¹
- (10) In this regulation and regulations 19 and 20 references to a requirement include references to a restriction.

Notes:

Omitted by reg 2(8) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)

- Substituted by reg 3(11)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 3(11)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 3(11)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 3(11)(d) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(10)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(10)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(8)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(8)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(8)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(8)(d) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 6) Regulations 2020 (22/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(8) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(c)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(c)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(d) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(e) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(5)(f) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(6)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(7)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(7)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

Inserted by reg 2(7)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

19. Power of entry

- (1) An enforcement officer may enter premises, if the officer—
 - (a) has reasonable grounds for suspecting that a requirement imposed by <u>or under</u>¹ these Regulations is being, has been or is about to be contravened on the premises, and
 - (b) considers it necessary to enter the premises for the purpose of ascertaining whether the requirement is being, has been or is about to be contravened.
- (2) An enforcement officer entering premises in accordance with paragraph (1) may—
 - (a) use reasonable force to enter the premises if necessary;
 - (b) take such other persons, equipment and materials onto the premises as appears to the officer to be appropriate.
- (3) An enforcement officer entering premises in accordance with paragraph (1)—
 - (a) if asked by a person on the premises, must show evidence of the officer's identity and outline the purpose for which the power is exercised;
 - (b) if the premises are unoccupied or the occupier is temporarily absent, must leave the premises as effectively secured against unauthorised entry as when the officer found them.

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(9) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)

20. Offences and penalties

- (1) A person who—
 - (a) without reasonable excuse, contravenes a requirement in regulation 6(1), 8(1), 10(1) or 10(1) or
 - (b) contravenes a requirement in regulation $\underline{12A(1)}$, $\underline{12B(1)}$, $\underline{^{24}}$ $\underline{14(1)}$ [or $\underline{14A(1)}$] $\underline{^{9}}$ $\underline{14(1)}$, $\underline{14A(1)}$ [or $\underline{14B(1)}$, $\underline{14B(1)}$ or $\underline{14D(1)}$ or $\underline{(2)^{28}}$], $\underline{^{16}}$ or paragraph 3(1) [, $\underline{4(1)}$ or $\underline{6(1)}$ or $\underline{4(1)^{25}}$] of Schedule $\underline{4A^{19}}$

commits an offence.

(2) A person who obstructs, without reasonable excuse, any person carrying out a function under these Regulations commits an offence.

(2A) A person who—

- (a) without reasonable excuse, contravenes paragraph 3(1) of Schedule 5,
- (b) contravenes paragraph 3(2) of that Schedule, or
- (c) without reasonable excuse, removes, obscures or damages a notice or sign required to be displayed under paragraph 7(2) of that Schedule,

commits an offence.11

- (3) A person who, without reasonable excuse—
 - (a) contravenes a direction given by an enforcement officer under regulation $\underline{18(3A)(a)}^5$ $\underline{18(3C)(a)}^{20}$ $\underline{18(4A)(a)}^{21}$ $\underline{18(4B)}^{29}$ $\underline{18(5)(a)}$ $\underline{\text{or }}$ $\underline{18(6)}$ or $\underline{18(6ZA)(a)}^{22}$, $\underline{\text{or}}^6$
 - (aa) contravenes a direction given by the operator of a public transport service, an employee of the operator or a person authorised by the operator, under regulation 18(3B), or⁷
 - (b) fails to comply with a compliance notice given by an enforcement officer under regulation 18(1),

commits an offence.

- [(3A) A person who commits an offence under paragraph (2A)(a) is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months, to a fine, or to both. ¹²]¹⁴
- (4) [An Any other 13] An 15 offence under these Regulations is punishable on summary conviction by a fine.
- (5) Section 24 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984(36) applies in relation to an offence under this regulation as if the reasons in subsection (5) included—
 - (a) to maintain public health;
 - (b) to maintain public order.
- (6) If an offence under paragraph (1) these Regulations 17 committed by a body corporate is proved—
 - (a) to have been committed with the consent or connivance of an officer of the body, or
 - (b) to be attributable to any neglect on the part of such an officer,
 - the officer (as well as the body corporate) is guilty of the offence and liable to be prosecuted and proceeded against and punished accordingly.
- (7) In paragraph (6), "officer", in relation to a body corporate, means a director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate.
- (8) Proceedings for an offence under these Regulations alleged to have been committed by a partnership may be brought in the name of the partnership instead of in the name of any of the partners.
- (9) Proceedings for an offence under these Regulations alleged to have been committed by an unincorporated body other than a partnership may be brought in the name of the body instead of in the name of any of its members and, for the purposes of any such proceedings, any rules of court relating to the service of documents have effect as if that body were a body corporate.
- (10) Section 33 of the Criminal Justice Act 1925(37) and Schedule 3 to the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980(38) apply in proceedings for an offence brought against a partnership or an unincorporated association other than a partnership as they apply in relation to a body corporate.
- (11) A fine imposed on a partnership on its conviction for an offence under these Regulations is to be paid out of the partnership assets.
- (12) A fine imposed on an unincorporated association other than a partnership on its conviction for an offence under these Regulations is to be paid out of the funds of the association.

^{(36) 1984} c. 60. Section 24 was substituted by section 110(1) of the Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15).

⁽**37**) 1925 c. 86.

^{(38) 1980} c. 43.

Notes:

- Omitted by reg 2(9)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(9)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Substituted by reg 3(12)(a)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 3(12)(a)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 3(12)(b)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 3(12)(b)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 3(12)(b)(iii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(11)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(11)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(10(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(10)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(10)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(10)(d) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(3)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.5) Regulations 2020 (17/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(3)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.5) Regulations 2020 (17/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(9)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(9)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(6)(a)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(6)(a)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(6)(b)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(6)(b)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6)(b)(iii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(7)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)

- Inserted by reg 2(7)(b)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(7)(b)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.12) Regulations 2020 (24/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(8)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(8)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

21. Fixed penalty notices

- (1) An enforcement officer may issue a fixed penalty notice to anyone that the officer reasonably believes—
 - (a) has committed an offence under these Regulations (except an offence under regulation $20(2A)(a))^1$, and
 - (b) is aged 18 or over.
- (2) A fixed penalty notice is a notice offering the person to whom it is issued the opportunity of discharging any liability to conviction for the offence by payment of a fixed penalty to—
 - (a) a local authority, or
 - (b) a person designated by the Welsh Ministers for the purposes of receiving payment under this regulation,

as the notice may specify.

- (3) The Welsh Ministers may designate themselves under paragraph (2)(b).
- (4) A person designated by the Welsh Ministers for the purposes of receiving payment under regulation 13 of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020(39) is to be treated as if designated for the purposes of receiving payment under this regulation.
- (5) Where a local authority is specified in the notice it must be the authority (or as the case may be, any of the authorities) in whose area the offence is alleged to have been committed.
- (6) Where a person is issued with a notice under this regulation in respect of an offence—
 - (a) no proceedings may be taken for the offence before the end of the period of 28 days following the date the notice is issued;
 - (b) the person may not be convicted of the offence if the person pays the fixed penalty before the end of that period.
- (7) A fixed penalty notice must—
 - (a) give reasonably detailed particulars of the circumstances alleged to constitute the offence;
 - (b) state the period during which (because of paragraph (6)(a)) proceedings will not be taken for the offence;
 - (c) specify the amount of the fixed penalty;

⁽³⁹⁾ S.I. 2020/353 (W. 80). Regulation 13 was amended by S.I. 2020/399 (W. 88) and S.I. 2020/529 (W. 124).

- (d) state the name and address of the person to whom the fixed penalty may be paid;
- (e) specify permissible methods of payment.
- (7A) Where the notice is issued in respect of an alleged offence of contravening regulation 14B(1), the amount specified under paragraph (7)(c) must be £10,000 (and paragraphs (9) and (10) do not apply).²
- (8) The In any other case, the³ amount specified under paragraph 7(c) must be £60 (subject to paragraphs (9) and (10)).
- (9) A fixed penalty notice may specify that if £30 is paid before the end of the period of 14 days following the date of the notice, that is the amount of the fixed penalty.
- (10) If the person to whom a fixed penalty notice is given has already received a fixed penalty notice under these Regulations or Regulations mentioned in paragraph (11)⁵—
 - (a) paragraph (9) does not apply, and
 - (b) the amount specified as the fixed penalty is to be—
 - (i) in the case of the second fixed penalty notice received, £120;
 - (ii) in the case of the third fixed penalty notice received, £240;
 - (iii) in the case of the fourth fixed penalty notice received, £480;
 - (iv) in the case of the fifth fixed penalty notice received, £960;
 - (v) in the case of the sixth and any subsequent fixed penalty notice received, £1920.
- (11) In calculating how many fixed penalty notices a person has received, fixed penalty notices issued to that person under the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020(40) and [the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Functions of Local Authorities) (Wales) Regulations 2020(41)⁶ the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Functions of Local Authorities etc.) (Wales) Regulations 2020]⁸ are to be taken into account, but no account is to be taken of any fixed penalty notice issued to that person in respect of an alleged offence of contravening regulation 14B(1)⁴.
- (12) Whatever other method may be specified under paragraph (7)(e), payment of a fixed penalty may be made by pre-paying and posting to the person whose name is stated under paragraph (7)(d), at the stated address, a letter containing the amount of the penalty (in cash or otherwise).
- (13) Where a letter is sent as mentioned in paragraph (12), payment is regarded as having been made at the time at which that letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.
- (14) In any proceedings, a certificate—
 - (a) that purports to be signed by or on behalf of the person with responsibility for the financial affairs of—
 - (i) the local authority, or
 - (ii) the person designated under paragraph (2)(b),

specified in the fixed penalty notice to which the proceedings relate, and

(b) which states that the payment of a fixed penalty was, or was not, received by the date specified in the certificate,

is evidence of the facts stated.

⁽⁴⁰⁾ S.I. 2020/353 (W. 80).

⁽⁴¹⁾ S.I. 2020/984 (W. 221).

(15) Where a fixed penalty is issued in respect of the alleged offence of contravening the requirement in regulation 11(4), references in this regulation to a "local authority" are to be read as including references to a National Park authority in Wales.⁷

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(11) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(10)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(10)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(10)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(8)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(8)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(8)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 22 of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Functions of Local Authorities etc.) (Wales) Regulations 2020 (18/09/20)

22. Prosecutions

- (1) No proceedings for an offence under these Regulations may be brought other than by the Director of Public Prosecutions or any person designated by the Welsh Ministers, except that proceedings for an offence under regulation 20(2A) may also be brought by a local authority¹.
- (2) A person designated by the Welsh Ministers under regulation 14 of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (Wales) Regulations 2020(42) is to be treated as if designated under this regulation.

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(12) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)

Mark Drakeford
First Minister, one of the Welsh Minister
At 3.40 p.m. on 10 July 2020

(42) S.I. 2020/353 (W. 80).

SCHEDULE 1

Regulation 6

Premises selling food and drink for consumption on the premises

- 1. Restaurants, including restaurants and dining rooms in members' clubs and on the premises of businesses listed in [Schedule 3 Schedule 4]¹.
- 2. (1) Cafés, including workplace canteens (subject to sub-paragraph (2)) and cafés on the premises of businesses listed in [Schedule 3 Schedule 4]¹, but not including
 - (a) cafés or canteens at a hospital, care home or school;
 - (b) canteens at a prison or an establishment intended for use for naval, military or air force purposes or for the purposes of the Department of the Secretary of State responsible for defence:
 - (c) services providing food or drink to the homeless.
 - (2) Workplace canteens may remain open where
 - (a) there is no practical alternative for staff at that workplace to obtain food; and
 - (b) all reasonable measures are taken to ensure that a distance of 2 metres is maintained between any person using the canteen.
- 3. Bars, including bars in members' clubs and on the premises of businesses listed in [Schedule 3 Schedule 41.]
- 4. Public houses.²

Notes:

- Substituted by reg 2(10) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(13) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)

SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 7

Businesses and services required to be closed

- Indoor cinemas.³
- **2.** Theatres.
- Nightclubs.

- 3. Venues [authorised to be used for the supply of alcohol by a premises licence or club premises certificate (within the meaning given by the Licensing Act 2003(43))]¹⁰ where live or recorded music is provided for members of the public or members of the venue to dance.
- 3A. Sexual entertainment venues (within the meaning given by paragraph 2A of Schedule 3 to the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982(44)).⁶
- 4. Bingo halls.⁷
- **5.** Concert halls.
- 6. Casinos. 12
- 7. Massage parlours.
- 8. Nail and beauty salons.
- 9. Establishments providing tanning services, body piercings, tattooing, electrolysis or acupuncture.
- 10. Skating rinks. 13
- 11. Swimming pools.
- 12. Indoor fitness studios, gyms, spas or other indoor leisure centres or facilities.
- 13. [Bowling alleys], amusement arcades⁴] and ⁸ indoor play areas. ¹¹
- 14. Museums, galleries and archive services.⁵
- Any part of a visitor attraction which is underground (but not including any part of an attraction which is underground only by virtue of it being a basement or other part of a building which is below ground level).²
- 16. Funfairs (whether outdoors or indoors).
- Playgrounds and outdoor gyms.
- **18.** Auction houses (except for livestock auctions).⁹

Notes:

- Omitted by reg 2(3) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 (20/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(11) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 3(13)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 3(13)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 3(13)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(14)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(14)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(14)(c) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)

(44) 1982 c. 30. Paragraph 2A of Schedule 3 was inserted by section 27(3) of the Policing and Crime Act 2009 (c. 26).

⁽**43**) 2003 c.17.

- Omitted by reg 2(14)(d) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(13)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(13)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(11) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 17) Regulations 2020 (03/10/20)

SCHEDULE 3

Regulation 8

Holiday accommodation

- 1. Holiday sites.
- Camping sites.
- 3. Hotels and bed and breakfast accommodation.
- Other holiday accommodation (including holiday apartments, hostels and boarding houses).

Notes:

Omitted by reg 2(12) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)

SCHEDULE 4

Regulation 12

Businesses and services which may open subject to protective measures

- **1.** Any business selling goods or services for sale or hire in a shop.
- **2.** Pharmacies (including non-dispensing pharmacies) and chemists.
- **3.** Petrol stations.
- **4.** Car repair and MOT services.
- **5.** Taxi or vehicle hire businesses.
- 6. Banks, building societies, credit unions, short term loan providers, savings clubs, cash points and undertakings which by way of business operate currency exchange offices, transmit money (or any representation of money) by any means or cash cheques which are made payable to customers.
- **7.** Post offices.
- **8.** Funeral directors.
- **9.** Laundrettes and dry cleaners.

- **10.** Dental services, opticians, audiology services, chiropody, chiropractors, osteopaths and other medical or health services, including services relating to mental health.
- **11.** Veterinary surgeons and pet shops.
- **12.** Livestock markets or auctions.
- 13. Storage and distribution facilities, including delivery drop off points.
- **14.** Car parks.
- **15.** Public toilets.
- **16.** Libraries.
- 17. Estate or letting agents, developer sales offices and show homes.
- **18.** Car dealerships.
- **19.** Outdoor markets.
- **20.** Betting shops.
- **21.** Indoor shopping centres and indoor shopping arcades.
- 22. Outdoor cinemas.
- 22. Cinemas.⁴
- **23.** Hair salons and barbers.
- 24. Visitor attractions (but only to the extent that paragraph 15 of Schedule 2 does not apply)².
- **25.** Funfairs.
- **26.** Playgrounds and outdoor gyms.¹
- **27.** (1) Holiday sites.
 - (2) In this paragraph, a "holiday site" means any land in Wales on which a mobile home or caravan is stationed for the purposes of human habitation (including any land in Wales used in conjunction with that land), in respect of which the relevant planning permission or the site licence for the land—
 - (a) is expressed to be granted for holiday use only, or
 - (b) requires that there are times of the year when no mobile home or caravan may be stationed on the site for human habitation.
 - (3) For the purpose of determining whether or not a site is a holiday site, any provision of the relevant planning permission or of the site licence which permits the stationing of a mobile home on the land for human habitation all year round is to be ignored if the mobile home is authorised to be occupied by—
 - (a) the person who is the owner of the site, or
 - (b) <u>a person employed by that person but who does not occupy the mobile home under an</u> agreement to which Part 4 of the Mobile Homes (Wales) Act 2013(**45**) applies.
- **28.** Camping sites.
- 29. Hotels and bed and breakfast accommodation.
- 30. Other holiday accommodation (including holiday apartments, hostels and boarding houses).³
- 31. Massage parlours.
- **32.** Nail and beauty salons.
- 33. Establishments providing tanning services, body piercings, tattooing, electrolysis or acupuncture.

^{(45) 2013} anaw 6, as amended by the Housing (Wales) Act 2014 (anaw 7).

- **34.** Amusement arcades.
- 35. Museums, galleries and archive services.⁵
- 36. Restaurants and cafés (including workplace canteens and dining rooms in members' clubs).
- 37. Bars (including bars in members' clubs).
- **38.** Public houses.
- **39.** Bingo halls.
- **Bowling alleys.**
- **41.** Auction houses.⁶
- **42.** Swimming pools.
- 43. Indoor fitness studios, gyms, spas and other indoor leisure centres and facilities.
- **44.** Indoor play areas.⁷
- 45. Casinos.⁸
- **46.** Skating rinks.⁹

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 (20/07/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(13)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(13)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (25/07/20)
- Substituted by reg 3(14)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 3(14)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2020 (27/07/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(15) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2020 (03/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(14) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(12) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 7) Regulations 2020 (28/08/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(5) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 17) Regulations 2020 (03/10/20)

<u>SCHEDULE 4A</u>

Regulation 14C

Local restrictions

[1. Local health protection area

For the purposes of these Regulations, Caerphilly County Borough is a local health protection area.

PART 1

Local health protection areas

1. Local health protection areas

For the purposes of these Regulations, the following areas are local health protection areas—

- (a) Caerphilly County Borough;
- (b) Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough;
- (c) [Blaenau Gwent County Borough;
- (d) Bridgend County Borough;
- (e) Merthyr Tydfil County Borough;
- (f) the City and County Borough of Newport;⁶]
- (g) [the area comprising the following electoral divisions(46) in the county of Carmarthenshire—
 - (i) Bigyn;
 - (ii) Bynea;
 - (iii) Dafen;
 - (iv) Elli;
 - (v) Felinfoel;
 - (vi) Glanymor;
 - (vii) Hendy;
 - (viii) Hengoed;
 - (ix) Llangennech;
 - (x) Lliedi;
 - (xi) Llwynhendy;
 - (xii) Tyisha;
 - (xiii) Swiss Valley;¹³]
- (h) [the City and County of Cardiff;
- (i) the City and County of Swansea;¹⁴]
- (j) [Neath Port Talbot County Borough;
- (k) Torfaen County Borough;
- (1) Vale of Glamorgan County Borough;¹⁵]
- (m) [Conwy County Borough;
- (n) the County of Denbighshire;
- (o) the County of Flintshire;

⁽⁴⁶⁾ The names and areas of which were specified (among other electoral divisions) by the County of Carmarthenshire (Electoral Arrangements) Order 1998 (S.I. 1998/3136).

- (p) Wrexham County Borough;¹⁶]
- (q) [the area comprising the following electoral divisions(47) in the county of Gwynedd—
 - (i) Deiniol;
 - (ii) Dewi;
 - (iii) Garth;
 - (iv) Glyder;
 - (v) Hendre;
 - (vi) Hirael;
 - (vii) Marchog;
 - (viii) Menai [(Bangor)¹⁹].¹⁸]

PART 2

Restrictions applying in respect of each local health protection area]⁴

2. [Prohibition on forming extended households

- (1) Despite regulation 2A, no household living in a local health protection area may agree to be treated as an extended household with other households.
- (2) Where, before this paragraph came into force, a household living in a local health protection area agreed to be treated as being in an extended household with other households
 - (a) that household is not to be treated as being in the extended household, and
 - (b) the other households continue to be treated as an extended household (provided they are not living in a local health protection area) and regulation 2A applies to those households accordingly.

2. Restriction on extended households

- (1) Where, before the area in which a household lives became a local health protection area, the household agreed to be treated as being in an extended household with other households in accordance with regulation 2A—
 - (a) that household is not to be treated as being in the extended household from the time at which the area became a local health protection area, and
 - (b) the other households continue to be treated as an extended household (provided they are not living in a local health protection area) and regulation 2A applies to those households accordingly.
- (2) Despite regulation 2A(1), no household living in a local health protection area may agree to be treated as an extended household with other households.
- (3) But a household comprising of no more than one adult (and any number of children) living in a local health protection area and another household also living in that area, may agree to be treated as a temporary extended household.

⁽⁴⁷⁾ The names and areas of which were specified (among other electoral divisions) by the County of Gwynedd (Electoral Changes) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/3274).

- (4) A household ceases to be treated as being in a temporary extended household if—
 - (a) the household ceases to live in the local health protection area, or
 - (b) the area ceases to be a local health protection area.
- (5) Paragraphs (2) to (6) of regulation 2A apply to (two) households treated as a temporary extended household under sub-paragraph (3) as they apply to (up to four) households treated as an extended household under regulation 2A(1).
- (6) But regulation 2A(4) does not prevent—
 - (a) two households being treated as a temporary extended household under sub-paragraph (3) where either household—
 - (i) was treated as being in an extended household in accordance with regulation 2A, and
 - (ii) <u>is no longer treated as being in an extended household by virtue of sub-paragraph</u> (1)(a);
 - (b) up to four households being treated as an extended household under regulation 2A(1) where at least one of the households—
 - (i) was treated as being in a temporary extended household in accordance with subparagraph (3), and
 - (ii) is no longer treated as being in a temporary extended household by virtue of subparagraph (4).]¹⁷

3. Requirement to stay within local health protection area

- (1) No person living in a local health protection area may, without a reasonable excuse, leave the area or remain away from the area.
- (2) A reasonable excuse includes the need to do the following outside the local health protection area—
 - (a) obtain—
 - (i) <u>food and medical supplies for those in the same household (including animals in</u> the household) or for vulnerable persons;
 - (ii) <u>supplies for the essential upkeep, maintenance and functioning of the household,</u> or the household of a vulnerable person;
 - (b) obtain money from or deposit money with any business or service listed in paragraph 6 or 7 of Schedule 4;
 - (c) <u>obtain or provide medical assistance, including accessing any of the services referred to in paragraph 10 of Schedule 4 or accessing veterinary services;</u>
 - (d) [provide or receive care or assistance, including relevant personal care, provide, receive or access care or assistance, including childcare or relevant personal care²⁰] within the meaning of paragraph 7(3B) of Schedule 4 to the Safeguarding of Vulnerable Groups Act 2006(48), where the person receiving the care is a vulnerable person;
 - (e) work or provide voluntary or charitable services, where it is not reasonably practicable to do so from home;
 - (f) where the person is an elite athlete, train and compete;
 - (g) provide or receive emergency assistance;
 - (h) attend a solemnization of a marriage or formation of a civil partnership—

^{(48) 2006} c. 47. Paragraph 7(3B) was inserted by section 66(2) of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 (c. 9).

- (i) as a party to the marriage or civil partnership,
- (ii) if invited to attend, or
- (iii) as the carer of a person attending;
- (i) attend a funeral—
 - (i) as a person responsible for arranging the funeral,
 - (ii) if invited by a person responsible for arranging the funeral, or
 - (iii) as the carer of a person attending;
- (j) meet a legal obligation, including attending court or satisfying bail conditions, or to participate in legal proceedings;
- (k) access or receive public services;
- (l) access or receive [childcare or education educational²¹] services;
- (la) [participate in or facilitate organised activities for the development or well-being of children (including sports, music and other recreational activities such as those provided for children outside of school hours and during school holidays);²²]
- (m) in relation to children who do not live in the same household as their parents, or one of their parents, continue existing arrangements for access to, and contact between, parents and children, and for the purposes of this paragraph, "parent" includes a person who is not a parent of the child, but who has parental responsibility for, or who has care of, the child;
- (n) move home;
- (o) <u>undertake activities in connection with the purchase, sale, letting, or rental of residential property;</u>
- (p) avoid injury or illness or escape a risk of harm.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), it is not a reasonable excuse for a person to leave, or remain away from, a local health protection area to do anything if it would be reasonably practicable for the person to do that thing within the area.
- (4) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply to a person who is homeless.

4. Requirement not to enter local health protection area

- (1) No person may, without reasonable excuse, enter a local health protection area or remain in it.
- (2) A reasonable excuse includes the need to do the following in the local health protection area—
 - (a) obtain—
 - (i) food and medical supplies for those in the same household (including animals in the household) or for vulnerable persons;
 - (ii) supplies for the essential upkeep, maintenance and functioning of the household, or the household of a vulnerable person;
 - (b) obtain money from or deposit money with any business or service listed in paragraph 6 or 7 of Schedule 4;
 - (c) <u>obtain or provide medical assistance, including accessing any of the services referred to in</u> paragraph 10 of Schedule 4 or accessing veterinary services;
 - (d) [provide or receive care or assistance, including relevant personal care, provide, receive or access care or assistance, including childcare or relevant personal care²³] within the

- meaning of paragraph 7(3B) of Schedule 4 to the Safeguarding of Vulnerable Groups Act 2006, where the person receiving the care is a vulnerable person;
- (e) work or provide voluntary or charitable services [where it is not reasonably practicable to carry out the work or provide the service from a place outside the area]²;
- (f) where the person is an elite athlete, train and compete;
- (g) provide or receive emergency assistance;
- (h) attend a solemnization of a marriage or formation of a civil partnership—
 - (i) as a party to the marriage or civil partnership,
 - (ii) if invited to attend, or
 - (iii) as the carer of a person attending;
- (i) attend a funeral—
 - (i) as a person responsible for arranging the funeral,
 - (ii) if invited by a person responsible for arranging the funeral, or
 - (iii) as the carer of a person attending;
- (j) meet a legal obligation, including attending court or satisfying bail conditions, or to participate in legal proceedings;
- (k) access or receive public services;
- (l) access or receive [childcare or education educational²⁴] services;
- (la) [participate in or facilitate organised activities for the development or well-being of children (including sports, music and other recreational activities such as those provided for children outside of school hours and during school holidays);²⁵]
- (m) in relation to children who do not live in the same household as their parents, or one of their parents, continue existing arrangements for access to, and contact between, parents and children, and for the purposes of this paragraph, "parent" includes a person who is not a parent of the child, but who has parental responsibility for, or who has care of, the child;
- (n) move home;
- (o) <u>undertake activities in connection with the purchase, sale, letting, or rental of residential property;</u>
- (p) avoid injury or illness or escape a risk of harm;
- (q) travel to reach a place outside the area.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), it is not a reasonable excuse for a person to enter, or remain in, a local health protection area to do anything if it would be reasonably practicable for the person to do that thing outside the area.

5. Requirement to work from home where practicable

- (1) No person living in a local health protection area may leave the place where they are living, or remain away from that place, in order to go to work or for work-related purposes.
- (2) <u>But sub-paragraph (1) does not apply if it is not reasonably practicable for the person to work from the place where they are living.</u>
- (3) No person living in a local health protection area may leave the place where they are living, or remain away from that place, in order to provide voluntary or charitable services.

- (4) <u>But sub-paragraph (3) does not apply if it is not reasonably practicable for the person to provide the voluntary or charitable services from the place where they are living.</u>
- (5) For the purposes of this paragraph, the place where a person is living includes the premises where they live together with any garden, yard, passage, stair, garage, outhouse or other appurtenance of such premises.

6. [Requirement to wear face covering in certain public places

- (1) A person ("P") must wear a face covering in open premises in a local health protection area.
- (2) But this is not required
 - (a) where an exemption applies under sub-paragraph (3);
 - (b) where P has a reasonable excuse not to wear a face covering, as to which see sub-paragraph (4).
- (3) An exemption to the requirement to wear a face covering applies
 - (a) where P is a child under the age of 11;
 - (b) where P is in premises where food or drink is sold, or otherwise provided, for consumption on those premises.
- (4) The circumstances in which P has a reasonable excuse to not wear a face covering include
 - (a) where P is unable to put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment, or a disability (within the meaning of section 6 of the Equality Act 2010(49));
 - (b) where P has to remove the face covering to communicate with another person who has difficulty communicating (in relation to speech, language or otherwise);
 - (c) where P has to remove the face covering in order to avoid harm or injury, or the risk of harm or injury, to themselves or others;
 - (d) where P is at the premises to avoid injury, or to escape a risk of harm, and does not have a face covering;
 - (e) where P has to remove the face covering to
 - (i) take medication;
 - (ii) eat or drink, where reasonably necessary;
 - (f) where P is asked to remove the face covering by an enforcement officer.
- (5) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3)(b), where food or drink is sold or otherwise provided for consumption in a part of premises, the exemption only applies where P is in that part.³]¹

PART 3

Restrictions applying only in respect of Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough]⁷

- 7. [[Restrictions on licensed premises]⁸
 - (1) <u>A person responsible for licensed premises in [Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough a local health protection area⁹] authorised to sell or supply alcohol for consumption on the premises</u>
- (**49**) 2010 c. 15.

- (a) must close the premises at or before 11.00 p.m. each day, and
- (b) may not open the premises before 6.00 a.m. each day.
- (2) [Sub-paragraph (1) does not allow the licensed premises to be open in contravention of an authorisation granted or given in respect of the premises.
- (2) Sub-paragraph (1)
 - (a) does not allow the licensed premises to be open in contravention of an authorisation granted or given in respect of the premises;
 - (b) does not prevent the sale or supply of alcohol by a hotel or other accommodation as part of room service. [10]

(3) In this paragraph

- (a) "licensed premises" [are premises means a public house, bar (including a bar in a members' club, hotel or other accommodation), café or restaurant (including a restaurant or dining room in a members' club, hotel or other accommodation)¹¹] in respect of which an authorisation has been granted or given for the sale or supply of alcohol;
- (b) "authorisation" has the meaning given by section 136(5) of the Licensing Act 2003(50). 5 12

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(7) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.8) (Caerphilly) Regulations 2020 (08/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(9)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(9)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.9) Regulations 2020 (14/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(7)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(7)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.10) (Rhondda Cynon Taf) Regulations 2020 (17/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(4)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020 (22/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(4)(b) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020 (22/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(4)(c)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020 (22/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(c)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020 (22/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(c)(iii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020 (22/09/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4)(c)(iii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 11) (Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Merthyr Tydfil and Newport etc.) Regulations 2020 (22/09/20)
- Omitted by reg 2(7) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.12) Regulations 2020 (24/09/20)

(50)	2003 c 17		
(50)	2003 c. 17.		

- Inserted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.13) (Llanelli etc.) Regulations 2020 (26/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.14) (Cardiff and Swansea) Regulations 2020 (27/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.15) (Neath Port Talbot, Torfaen and Vale of Glamorgan) Regulations 2020 (28/09/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.16) (Conwy, Denbighshire, Flintshire and Wrexham) Regulations 2020 (01/10/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(6) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 17) Regulations 2020 (03/10/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(2) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.18) (Bangor) Regulations 2020 (10/10/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(9)(a) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(9)(b)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(9)(b)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(9)(b)(iii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(9)(c)(i) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(9)(c)(ii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)
- Inserted by reg 2(9)(c)(iii) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No.19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

SCHEDULE 4B

Regulation 14D

Travel restriction areas

Part 1: England

The areas of the following, designated as Tier 2 areas by the Health Protection (Coronavirus, Local COVID-19 Alert Level) (High) (England) Regulations 2020(51) or as Tier 3 areas by the Health Protection (Coronavirus, Local COVID-19 Alert Level) (Very High) (England) Regulations 2020(52)—

Cheshire

Cheshire East Council

Cheshire West and Chester Council

Warrington Borough Council

(**51**) S.I. 2020/1104.

(52) S.I. 2020/1105.

Cumbria

Barrow-in-Furness Borough Council

Derbyshire

Chesterfield Borough Council

Erewash Borough Council

North East Derbyshire District Council

<u>In the area of High Peak Borough Council, the following electoral areas (as defined by section 203(1) of the Representation of the People Act 1983(53))—</u>

Dinting

Gamesley

Hadfield North

Hadfield South

Howard Town

Old Glossop

Padfield

Simmondley

St John's

Tintwistle

Whitfield

Durham

Durham County Council

Essex

Basildon Council

Braintree District Council

Brentwood Borough Council

Castle Point Borough Council

Chelmsford City Council

Colchester Borough Council

Epping Forest District Council

Harlow Council

Maldon District Council

Rochford District Council

Tendring District Council

Uttlesford District Council

⁽⁵³⁾ c. 2. Amended by Schedule 3 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (c. 29).

Greater	London	ï

The Common Council of the City of London

Barking and Dagenham Borough Council

Barnet Borough Council

Bexley Borough Council

Brent Borough Council

Bromley Borough Council

Camden Borough Council

Croydon Borough Council

Ealing Borough Council

Enfield Borough Council

Greenwich Borough Council

Hackney Borough Council

Hammersmith and Fulham Borough Council

Haringey Borough Council

Harrow Borough Council

Havering Borough Council

Hillingdon Borough Council

Hounslow Borough Council

Islington Borough Council

Kensington and Chelsea Borough Council

Kingston upon Thames Borough Council

Lambeth Borough Council

Lewisham Borough Council

Merton Borough Council

Newham Borough Council

Redbridge Borough Council

Richmond upon Thames Borough Council

Southwark Borough Council

Sutton Borough Council

Tower Hamlets Borough Council

Waltham Forest Borough Council

Wandsworth Borough Council

Westminster City Council

Greater Manchester

Bolton Metropolitan Borough Council

Bury Metropolitan Borough Council

This document has been prepared by the Welsh Government to assist readers of the legislation, but is

not an official version of the Statutory Instrument or the Explanatory Note Manchester City Council Oldham Metropolitan Borough Council Rochdale Borough Council Salford City Council Stockport Metropolitan Borough Council Tameside Metropolitan Borough Council Trafford Metropolitan Borough Council Wigan Metropolitan Borough Council Lancashire **Blackpool Council** Blackburn with Darwen Borough Council **Burnley Borough Council Chorley Borough Council** Fylde Borough Council Hyndburn Borough Council Lancaster City Council Pendle Borough Council **Preston City Council** Ribble Valley Borough Council Rossendale Borough Council

South Ribble Borough Council

West Lancashire Borough Council

Wyre Borough Council

Leicestershire

Leicester City Council

Oadby and Wigston Borough Council

<u>Merseyside</u>

Halton Borough Council

Knowsley Metropolitan Borough Council

Liverpool City Council

Sefton Borough Council

St Helens Borough Council

Wirral Metropolitan Borough Council

Northumberland

Northumberland County Council

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not an official version of the Statutory Instrument or the Explanatory Note North Yorkshire City of York Council **Nottinghamshire Ashfield District Council Bassetlaw District Council Broxtowe Borough Council** Gedling Borough Council **Mansfield District Council** Newark & Sherwood District Council Nottingham City Council Rushcliffe Borough Council South Yorkshire Barnsley Metropolitan Borough Council **Doncaster Council** Rotherham Metropolitan Borough Council **Sheffield City Council**

Surrey

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Darlington Borough Council

Hartlepool Borough Council

Middlesbrough Borough Council

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Tyne and Wear

Gateshead Council

Newcastle City Council

North Tyneside Council

South Tyneside Council

Sunderland City Council

West Midlands

Birmingham City Council

Sandwell Metropolitan Borough Council
Solihull Metropolitan Borough Council

City of Wolverhampton Council Walsall Council West Yorkshire City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Calderdale Metropolitan Borough Council Kirklees Metropolitan Council Leeds City Council Wakefield Council Part 2: Scotland The area designated as a protected area by the Health Protection (Coronavirus) (Restrictions and 2. Requirements) (Additional Temporary Measures) (Scotland) Regulations 2020(54), comprising the local government areas of-City of Glasgow Clackmannanshire East Ayrshire East Dunbartonshire East Renfrewshire East Lothian Edinburgh City **Falkirk** Inverclyde Midlothian North Ayrshire North Lanarkshire Renfrewshire South Ayrshire South Lanarkshire **Stirling** West Dunbartonshire West Lothian Part 3: Northern Ireland **3.** All of Northern Ireland.¹ S.S.I. 2020/318. (54)

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(10) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 19) Regulations 2020 (16/10/20)

SCHEDULE 5 Regulation 17A

Enforcement of regulation 12(2)

1. Premises improvement notice

- (1) An enforcement officer may issue a notice (a "premises improvement notice") to a person responsible for premises referred to in regulation 12(1) if the officer considers that—
 - (a) the person is not complying with the obligations imposed on the person by regulation 12(2), and
 - (b) the measures specified in the notice are necessary and proportionate in order to ensure that the person complies with those obligations.
- (2) A premises improvement notice must—
 - (a) specify the premises to which it relates;
 - (b) specify the measures it requires to be taken in order to ensure that the person complies with the obligations imposed by regulation 12(2);
 - (c) specify a time limit within which the measures must be taken (which must not be less than 48 hours beginning with the time the notice is issued);
 - (d) give details of the right of appeal conferred by paragraph 5.

2. Premises closure notice

- (1) If either condition 1 or condition 2 is satisfied, an enforcement officer may issue a notice (a "premises closure notice") to a person responsible for premises referred to in regulation 12(1) requiring the premises, or part of the premises, to be closed.
- (2) Condition 1 is—
 - (a) a premises improvement notice has been issued to the person,
 - (b) the enforcement officer considers that the person has failed to take the measures specified in the premises improvement notice within the specified time limit, and
 - (c) the officer considers that the closure of the premises, or part of the premises, is necessary and proportionate for the purpose of minimising the risk of exposure to coronavirus.
- (3) Condition 2 is that the enforcement officer considers that—
 - (a) the person is not complying with the obligations imposed on the person by regulation 12(2), and

(b) the closure of the premises, or part of the premises, (without a premises improvement notice having been issued) is necessary and proportionate for the purpose of minimising the risk of exposure to coronavirus.

(4) A premises closure notice must—

- (a) contain a description of the premises to be closed,
- (b) where a premises improvement notice has been issued, set out the measures that the enforcement officer considers—
 - (i) have not been taken, and
 - (ii) must be taken in order to ensure that the responsible person complies with the obligations imposed by regulation 12(2),
- (c) where a premises improvement notice has not been issued, set out the reasons why the enforcement officer considers that the person is not complying with the obligations imposed by regulation 12(2),
- (d) <u>in either case, set out the reasons why the enforcement officer considers that closure of the premises is necessary and proportionate for the purpose of minimising the risk of exposure to coronavirus,</u>
- (e) specify the period for which the notice has effect, and
- (f) give details of the right of appeal conferred by paragraph 5.
- (5) The period specified under sub-paragraph (4)(e) may not be more than 336 hours (14 days) beginning with the time the notice is issued.
- (6) A premises closure notice has effect from the time at which it is issued or from a later time specified in the notice.
- (7) A premises closure notice may not be issued in relation to premises which form part of critical infrastructure (for example, premises used to generate electricity or supply water) or which are used to provide essential public services.

3. Effect of premises closure notice

- (1) As soon as is reasonably practicable after a premises closure notice takes effect, the person to whom it is issued must ensure that—
 - (a) the premises to which the notice relates are closed, and
 - (b) no business is carried on or service is provided on, or from, the premises.
- (2) No person may enter, or be on, premises closed under sub-paragraph (1) without a reasonable excuse.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2), the circumstances in which a person has a reasonable excuse include where—
 - (a) the person lives on the premises;
 - (b) the person is carrying out essential maintenance or repairs;
 - (c) the person is doing things necessary to ensure that regulation 12(2) can be complied with when the premises are allowed to be open;
 - (d) the person is an enforcement officer or a person assisting an enforcement officer;
 - (e) it is necessary for the person to be on the premises to avoid injury or illness or escape a risk of harm.

4. Termination of premises improvement or closure notice

- (1) An enforcement officer may issue a notice terminating a premises improvement notice or a premises closure notice if satisfied that—
 - (a) the measures specified in the premises improvement notice (if one was issued) have been taken, or
 - (b) other measures have been taken to ensure that regulation 12(2) can be complied with at the premises in question.
- (2) <u>A premises improvement notice or premises closure notice ceases to have effect at the time notice of the termination is issued.</u>

5. Appeals

- (1) A person to whom a premises improvement notice or premises closure notice is issued may appeal to a magistrates' court against the notice.
- (2) An appeal must be made—
 - (a) by way of complaint for an order, and in accordance with the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980(55), and
 - (b) within 7 days after the day the notice is issued.
- (3) But a magistrates' court may allow an appeal to be made after the expiry of the period mentioned in sub-paragraph (2)(b) if satisfied that there is a good reason for the failure to appeal before the expiry of that period (and for any delay in applying for permission to appeal out of time).
- (4) <u>A magistrates' court may suspend the effect of a premises improvement notice or premises closure notice pending the determination of an appeal.</u>
- (5) On an appeal against a premises improvement notice or premises closure notice, a magistrates' court may—
 - (a) confirm the decision to issue the notice;
 - (b) direct that the notice is to cease to have effect;
 - (c) modify the notice;
 - (d) make such other order as the court considers appropriate.
- (6) If the magistrates' court directs that a notice is to cease to have effect or modifies a notice, it may order the local authority for the area in which the premises in question are situated to [compensate the person responsible for the premises pay compensation]² for loss suffered as the result of the issue of the notice.
- (7) An appeal by either party against the decision of a magistrates' court on an appeal under this section may be brought to the Crown Court.
- (8) On an appeal to the Crown Court, the Court may—
 - (a) confirm, vary or reverse the decision of the magistrates court;
 - (b) remit the case to the magistrates' court to dispose of in accordance with directions given by the Crown Court.

(55)	1980 c. 43.	

6. Issuing premises improvement and closure notices and terminations

- (1) A premises improvement notice, premises closure notice or a termination of either of those types of notice is issued to a person by giving a copy of it in writing to that person.
- (2) <u>But where the person responsible for the premises to which the notice or termination relates is not on the premises when it is to be issued, the notice is to be treated as having been issued to that person if—</u>
 - (a) a copy of it is given to any other person on the premises who appears to be responsible for any business or service being carried out on the premises, or
 - (b) if there is no such person on the premises when the notice is to be issued, a copy of the notice is placed in a conspicuous position on the premises.

7. Publicising premises improvement and closure notices

- (1) This regulation applies where an enforcement officer has issued a premises improvement notice or a premises closure notice.
- (2) As soon as reasonably practicable after issuing the notice, the enforcement officer must—
 - (a) <u>display a copy of the notice, and a sign in the form set out in Schedule 6, in a prominent place near every entrance to the premises;</u>
 - (b) <u>arrange for the notice to be published on the website of the local authority for the area in which the premises are located.</u>
- (3) A notice or sign displayed under sub-paragraph (2)(a) must be at least A4 size.
- (4) A notice required to be displayed and published under sub-paragraph (2) must continue to be displayed and published, and a sign required to be displayed under that sub-paragraph must continue to be displayed, for as long as the notice has effect.¹

Notes:

- Inserted by reg 2(15) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)
- Substituted by reg 2(4) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 5) Regulations 2020 (17/08/20)

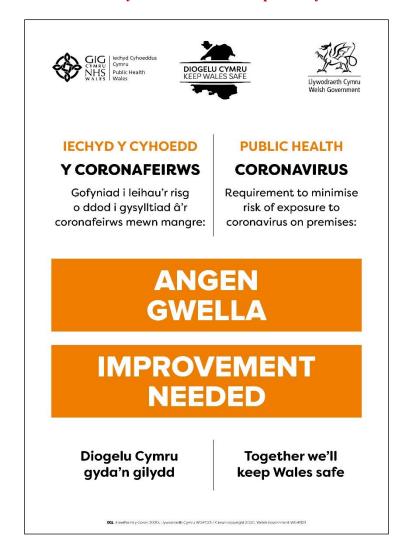
SCHEDULE 6

Regulation 17A

Form of sign to accompany premises improvement notice or premises closure notice

Sign to be displayed with premises improvement notice

- 1. (1) A sign displayed with a premises improvement notice under paragraph 7(2)(a) of Schedule 5 must be in the form set out below.
 - (2) The colours used in the sign must be white, black and amber C0 M60 Y100 K0.



Sign to be displayed with premises closure notice

- 2. (1) A sign displayed with a premises closure notice under paragraph 7(2)(a) of Schedule 5 must be in the form set out below.
 - (2) The colours used in the sign must be white, black and red C15 M100 Y100 K0.







IECHYD Y CYHOEDD

Y CORONAFEIRWS

Gofyniad i leihau'r risg o ddod i gysylltiad â'r coronafeirws mewn mangre:

PUBLIC HEALTH

CORONAVIRUS

Requirement to minimise risk of exposure to coronavirus on premises:

CAEWYD Y FANGRE HON

PREMISES CLOSED

Diogelu Cymru gyda'n gilydd Together we'll keep Wales safe

OCL Hawlfraint y Goron 2020, Llywodraeth Cymru WG41123 / Crown copyright 2020, Weish Government WG41123

Notes:

Inserted by reg 2(15) of the Health Protection (Coronavirus Restrictions) (No. 2) (Wales) (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations 2020 (10/08/20)