WILDLIFE INCIDENT UNIT

93/19



WILDLIFE INCIDENT REVISED REPORT

INCIDENT NUMBER 93/19 RESTRICTED

PART OF STUDY FSGD-211

REGIONAL NUMBER W/19/22

OTHER REFERENCES 28/B0040/11/19

SENDER VLA Carmarthen

LOCATION Bodnant Gardens

Denbighshire

GRID REFERENCE SH7972

INCIDENT DATE 3 November 2019

SUSPECTED CAUSE diazinon veterinary use

DATE OF REPORT 19 December 2019

NUMBERS AND SPECIES INVOLVED

1 red kite

COPIED TO

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Samples received Date received Sample identifier

99766 red kite 15/11/19 28/B0040/11/19 : W/19/22 99766 red kite tissues 15/11/19 28/B0040/11/19 : W/19/22

Summary of field data

A member of the public found a dead red kite in Bodnant gardens. The RSPB were contacted the following day by the finder and National Trust staff located the bird and collected it on 5th November. An image taken of the bird appeared to show a pale substance on the beak. There was a previous incident that involved a buzzard nearby (60/19, W/19/15 - background exposure to anticoagulant rodenticides). The red kite was collected and arrangements were made to transfer it to the APHA.

Summary of post mortem report

A female red kite in good body condition, weight 850g and moderate autolysis was submitted for post-mortem. There was matted fur/hair and grey coloured pasty material protruding from the beak and extending into the oropharynx and into the crop. Similar material was filling the crop. Grey hair was attached to skin and was present in the proventriculus and gizzard. The hair was coarse, light grey and up to 3cm long. No abnormalities of the remaining body systems were seen.

Analysis: metaldehyde & carb (LC) analysis suite

99766	stomach contents	no metaldehyde & carb (LC) detected	detection limit	0.006	mg/kg
Analysis : organophosphate analysis suite					
99766	stomach contents	diazinon	confirmed	460	mg/kg
Analysis : rodenticide analysis suite					
99766 99766 99766	liver liver liver	difenacoum bromadiolone brodifacoum	confirmed confirmed	0.0021 0.049 0.064	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg

Conclusion

It was supected that this red kite had been poisoned. Priority analysis for carbamate pesticides and metaldehyde has been undertaken on the submitted sample, but no residues were detected. From the findings so far, this appears to be a poisoning case and further testing will be completed and a revised report issued.

The further testing has been completed and a large residue of diazinon was detected and confirmed in the gizzard content, which consisted of matted hair/fur, semi-digested meat, skin, feathers and vegetation. There were also confirmed residues of brodifacoum, bromadiolone and difenacoum in the liver of this red kite, but the amounts found are consistent with exposure only. Therefore, the cause of death of this red kite is from exposure to diazinon and illegal use is suspected, but the incident has been assigned to veterinary use at present.

This replaces the earlier report issued on the 28th November 2019.